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PRESIDENCY UNIVERSITY BENGALURU

SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING

TEST - 1

Even Semester: 2018-19

Date: 05 March 2019

Course Code: EEE 101

Time: 1 Hour

Course Name: Elements of Electrical Engineering

Max Marks: 40

Programme & Sem: B.Tech (Physics cycle) & II Sem

Weightage: 20%

Instructions:

(i) Read the question properly and answer accordingly.

(ii) Question paper consists of 3 parts.

(iii) Scientific and non-programmable calculators are permitted.

Part A

Answer all the Questions. Each question carries four marks.

(3Qx4M=12)

- 1. State Kirchhoff's Voltage and Current law.
- 2. Briefly describe the Generation, Transmission and Distribution of power in Power System with a Single Line Diagram.
- 3. Define (i) Real Power (ii) Reactive Power, and (iii) Apparent Power as applied to single phase AC circuits. Draw the power triangle.

Part B

Answer all the Questions. Each question carries eight marks.

(2Qx8M=16)

4. (a) The lamps in a set of Christmas tree lights are connected in series; if there are 20 lamps and each lamp has a resistance of 25 Ω , calculate the total resistance of the set of lamps, and hence calculate the current taken from a 230 V supply and power consumed.

(4M)

- (b) Find the phase angle between $V_1 = -4\sin(377t+55^\circ)$ and $V_2 = 5\cos(377t-65^\circ)$. Does V_1 lead or lag V_2 ? (4M)
- 5. An alternating voltage has the equation v = 500 sin (314.15 t + 22°); what are the values of: (a) average Voltage (b) r.m.s. Voltage; (c) frequency; (d) at what time 't' the instantaneous voltage reaches 100V? (8M)

Part C

Answer the Question. Question carries **twelve** marks.

(1Qx12M=12)

6. Explain with a neat sketch the constructional features of a DC machine and mention the functions of each part.



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PRESIDENCY UNIVERSITY BENGALURU SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING

TEST - 2

Even Semester: 2018-19

Date: 16 April 2019

Course Code: EEE 101

Time: 1 Hour

Course Name: Elements of Electrical Engineering

Max Marks: 40

Program & Sem: B.Tech & II Sem (Physics Cycle)

Weightage: 20%

Instructions:

i. Read the question properly and answer accordingly.

ii. Question paper consists of 3 parts.

iii. Scientific and Non-programmable calculators are permitted.

Part A

Answer all the Questions. Each question carries four marks.

(3Qx4M=12)

- 1. The frequency of the emf in the stator of a 4 pole induction motor is 50 Hz and that in the rotor is 1.5 Hz. What is the slip and at what speed the motor is running?
- 2. With necessary diagram enumerate the current, voltage and power relationship of DC series and Shunt generator.
- 3. Define Back EMF in DC motor? Write the Back Equation and Torque Equation of DC motor with usual nations.

Part B

Answer both the Questions. Each question carries eight marks.

(2Qx8M=16)

- 4. a. A 4 pole DC shunt motor takes 22.5 A from a 250 V supply. The armature and shunt field resistances are 0.5 Ω and 125 Ω respectively. The armature is wave wound with 300 conductors. If the flux per pole is 0.02 Wb, Estimate (a) Speed, (b) Torque developed, and (c) Power developed by armature. (6 Marks)
 - b. Mention the applications of different types of DC series and shunt motors.

(2 Marks)

5. a. With neat schematic diagram explain the working principle of Transformer.

(4 Marks)

b. Obtain the comparison between core type and shell type transformer.

(4 Marks)

Part C

Answer the Questions. The Question carries twelve marks.

(1Qx12M=12)

- 6. a. A single phase, 20 KVA transformer has 1000 primary turns, and 2500 secondary turns. The net cross sectional area of the core is 100 cm². When the primary winding is connected to 500 V, 50 Hz supply, calculate (i) the maximum value of the flux density in the core (ii) the voltage induced in the secondary winding and (iii) the primary and secondary full load currents.
 - b. List out the advantages of three phase induction motors.

(4 Marks)

c. List the various types of single phase Induction Motors with its one application for each type of motor. (4 Marks)

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PRESIDENCY UNIVERSITY BENGALURU

SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING

SUMMER TERM / MAKE UP END TERM EXAMINATION

Semester: Summer Term 2019

Course Code: EEE 101

Summer Term 2019

Course Name: Elements of Electrical Engineering

Program & Sem: B.Tech & I Sem (2017 & 2018 Batch)

Date: 24 July 2019

Time: 2 Hour

Max Marks: 80

Weightage: 40%

Instructions:

(i) Read the question properly and answer accordingly.

(ii) Question paper consists of 3 parts.

(iii) Scientific and non-programmable calculators are permitted.

Part A

Answer all the questions. Each question carries five marks.

(4Qx5M=20)

- 1. Mention any four important characteristics of measuring instruments.
- 2. State and explain Kirchhoff's laws.
- 3. The lamps in a set of Christmas tree lights are connected in series; if there are 20 lamps and each lamp has a resistance of 25 Ω , calculate the total resistance of the set of lamps, and hence calculate the current taken from a 230 V supply.
- 4. A meter used to measure the voltage reads 127.5 Volts and the corresponding value obtained from the computations is found to be 127.43 Volts. Identify and compute the Unknown.

Part B

Answer **all** the questions. **Each** question carries **ten** marks.

(4Qx10M=40)

- 5. What is Earthing? Draw and explain with a neat diagram the procedure for a pipe earthing and label the parts.
- 6. A) Briefly explain three different types of torques used in deflecting type Instruments

(6M)

B) Write a note on Safety aspects of Electrical Engineering?

(4M)

- 7. Draw the block diagram of digital and virtual meters. Also write about advantages of each meter.
- 8. Draw the neat Diagram of a Moving Iron Instruments and name the parts. Write the Working Principle.

Part C

Answer both the questions. Each question carries ten marks.

(2Qx10M=20)

9. Draw the lay out and wiring Diagram for a part of the House with the following data:

Room No 1: 1 lamp Point, 1 fan Point, 1- 3 pin socket point

Room No 2: 2 Lamp Point, 1 fan Point, 1- 3 pin socket point

10. Explain the working of Energy meter with neat diagram.



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PRESIDENCY UNIVERSITY BENGALURU

SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING

MAKE UP EXAMINATION JULY 2019

Semester: Summer Term 2018-19

Date: 24 May 2019

Course Code: EEE 101

Time: 3 Hours

Course Name: Elements of Electrical Engineering

Max Marks: 80

Program & Sem: B.Tech & II Sem (EVEN) (2018 Batch)

Weightage: 40%

Instructions:

(i) Read the question properly and answer accordingly.

(ii) Question paper consists of 3 parts.

(iii) Scientific and Non-programmable calculators are permitted

Part A

Answer all the Questions. Each question carries one marks.

(20Qx1M=20M)

- 1. Select the appropriate answer for the following multiple choice questions.
 - i) Number of Parallel paths in the case of a Wave wound armature winding
 - a. A=2.
- b. A=P.
- c. A=Z.
- d. A=N
- ii) In a purely capacitive circuit, the current leads the voltage by
 - a. 90⁰
- b. 180⁰
- c. 270°
- d. 360⁰
- iii) The Commercial Unit Of Electrical Energy Is---
 - a. 1kwh =1 Unit b. 1 Watt Hour = 1unit c. 1mwh = 1 Unit d. 1unit = 230 Volts
- iv) The D.C. Generator works on the principle of
 - a. Faraday's laws of Electrolysis.

- c. Lenz's Law
- b. Faraday's Laws of Electro Magnetic induction.
- d. Ohm's Law.
- v) The time taken by an alternating quantity to complete one cycle:
 - a. Frequency b. Angular velocity c. Time period d. Time constant
- vi) By which of the following systems electric power may be transmitted?
 - a. Overhead System b. Underground System c. Both (a) and (b) d.
 None of the above
- vii) During transmission, Voltages are stepped up or stepped down by a (a)Alternator (b) D.C. Generator (c) Transformer (d) Induction Motor
- viii) In case of megger the pointer's reading is zero when no resistance is connected at the terminals (True/False).
- ix) The inductive reactance of an inductor is directly proportional to a. current b. voltage c. frequency d. both a & c

- x) There are two a.c. signals with different frequencies. The time periods of these are-- a. same b. different c. zero d. infinity.
 xi) The active power consumed by a pure inductance connected to an a.c. voltage source is
- xii) The Ohm's law cannot be applied to
 (a) resistance (b) inductance (c) Capacitance (d) diode

(a) very low (b) very high (c) zero (d) infinite

- xiii) The EMF induced in a D.C. Generator is given by: a. $\varphi ZNP/60 A$ b. $\varphi ZNP/60 P$ c. $\varphi ZNP/60*2$ d. $\varphi ZNP/60*4$
- xiv) It is required to convert mechanical Energy to Electrical Energy. Select the appropriate machine for this purpose:
 - a. Motor b. Generator c. I.C.Engine d. Transformer
- xv) Which of the following rule is used to determine the direction of induced EMF in D.C generator?
 - a. Coloumb's Law. b. Fleming's Right-hand Rule c. Lenz's Law d. Fleming's Left-hand Rule
- xvi) Power Factor Is: [Select The Incorrect Sentence]
 - (a) Ratio of 'R' & 'Z' (b) Ration Of 'Z' &'R' (c) Cosine Of The Angle Between Voltage &Current (d)Ratio Of Kw To Kva
- xvii) The Three Sides of The Impedance Triangle Of An R-L Series Circuit Are: (a) Resistance- Inductive Reactance- Impedance. (b) Resistance- Capacitice Reactance- Impedence. (c) Current, Voltage, Impedance. (d) Active Power, Reactive Power, Voltage
- xviii) In Star Connection The Line & Phese Voltages Are Same; (True/False)
- xix) Current leads the applied voltage in a pure inductive circuit: (True/false)
- xx) The relationship between rms value & the maximum value of a sinusoidal a.c.signal:
 - (a) rms value = 0.707 *maximum value (b) rms value = 0.637 * maximum value (c) maximum value = 0.707 *rms value. (d) Maximum value = 0.637 *rms value

Part B

Answer **all** the Questions. **Each** question carries **ten** marks. (3Qx10M=30M)

- 2. a) Explain any four important characteristics of measuring instruments. (5M)
 - b) Explain the three different types of torques used in deflecting type Instruments. (5M)
- 3. a) With a neat figure, explain the operation of an Induction Type meter. (6M)
 - b) Explain the principle of operation of a single phase transformer. (4M)
- 4. Write the principle and operation of alternator and explain the types of alternator.

Answer all the Questions. Each question carries ten marks.

(3Qx10M=30M)

- 5. Draw and explain with a neat diagram the procedure for a pipe earthing used for domestic earthing and label the parts.
- 6. Draw the lay out and wiring Diagram for a part of the House with the following data:
 - Room No 1: 1 lamp Point, 1 fan Point, 1- 3 pin socket point
 - Room No 2: 2 Lamp Point, 1 fan Point, 1- 3 pin socket point
- 7. a) A single phase, 20 KVA transformer has 1000 primary turns, and 2500 secondary turns. The net cross sectional area of the core is 100 cm2. When the primary winding is connected to 500 V, 50 Hz supply, calculate (i) the maximum value of the flux density in the core (ii) the voltage induced in the secondary winding and (iii) the primary and secondary full load currents.

(6M)

b) Show that the equivalent resistance of two resistors connected in parallel is the ratio of the product of those two resistances divided by the sum of those two resistance value.

(4M)





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PRESIDENCY UNIVERSITY BENGALURU

SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING

END TERM FINAL EXAMINATION

Even Semester: 2018-19

Date: 24 May 2019

Course Code: EEE 101

Time: 3 Hours

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Course Name: Elements of Electrical Engineering

Max Marks: 80

Program & Sem: B.Tech & II Semester (Physics Cycle)

Weightage: `40%

Instructions:

- (i) Read the question properly and answer accordingly.
- (ii) Question paper consists of 3 parts.
- (iii) Scientific and Non programmable calculators are permitted

Part A

(20Qx1M=20M)Answer all the Questions. Each question carries one mark. i. When a number of resistances are connected in parallel, the total resistance b) decreases a) Increases c) First increases and then decrease d) none of the above ii. The form factor of sinusoidal varying current is b) 1.11 c) 0.866 d) 0.707 a) 1.414 --- torque is useful in avoiding the Vibration of the pointer in deflecting type of instruments d) Deflecting c) Damping a) Controlling b) Gravity iv. The yoke of a DC generator is made of _ c) Wrought iron d) cast steel a) Silicon steel b) soft iron ----to the flow of current v. Earthing path always must provide b) protection a) High resistive path d) Very low resistive path c) No path vi. A transformer changes b) DC voltage only a) AC voltage only d) none of these c) Both AC & DC voltages vii. Voltage Levels used for all the Domestic Installations are Volts. a) 230 & 440 b) 230 &11,000 c) 440 &11,000 d) 230 only during high currents viii. MCB is provided in the Circuit to____ b) to short the circuit a) to open the circuit d) to reduce the overloading c) to provide extra current ix. In a three phase induction motor, the slip speed is given by c) $N_s - N$ b) N Digital Instruments has ----- reading error. a) Maximum b) least c) Very high d) none of these xi. Virtual Instruments working as user defined Instruments need -----b) Both Software and Hard ware a) Software only d) None of these c) Hardware only

xii.	Absolute Instruments are used only a) In Standard Laboratories c) For D.C measurements only	b) For A.C. mea	asurements only leasurements	
	c) For D.C. measurements only	u) for fower in	missina in Alter	nators.
XIII	Out of the list of parts mentioned below,	b) Field Poles	Thioding in 7 ite.	
	a) Commutator	d) Shaft		
XIV	In Alternators field winding is kept on	b) Rotor		
	a) Stator	d) None of the	se	
N/1 /	c) Stator & Rotor Fuse is connected in the Circuit in	with switche	es.	
XV.	a) Series	b) parallel		
	c) series-parallel		es	
vvi	Integrating meters are used for the mea	surement of		
	a) Current b) Voltage	c) Power	d) Energy	
γvi	The material for Commutator brushes is	s always	_	
V 41	i.The material for Commutator brushes is a) Mica b) copper	c) cast iron	d) carbon	
xviii	In a wave winding, the number of parall a) P/2 b) 2	el paths is equal to _		
X 1111	a) P/2 b) 2	c) P	d) 2P	
xix	The efficiency of a transformer is very h	iigh, because		
	a) the core is made of silicon steel	b) there are r	io moving parts	
	c) the counling is magnetic	d) the core is	laminated	
XX.	A transformer is a constant	device.		
	a) Current	b) Voltage	01.6	
	c) Current and Voltage	d) Frequen	СУ	
•		Part B		
	Answer all the Questions. Each ques	tion carries five marl	KS.	(6Qx5M=30M)
•	 Explain the principle of operation of T What is a MCB? Why is it used in elect Write five basic components of House Explain three different types of torque List out three advantages of Digital In A heater takes a current of 8 A fron consumed in kilowatt-hours. 	ctric circuits? e Wiring. es used in deflecting t struments and Virtua	al Instruments.	
		Part C		
		Line agreement from many	/ C	(3Qx10M=30M)
	Answer all the Questions. Each ques	stion carries ten man	\5 .	(OQX TOM COM)
	8. Explain the working of Energy meter of Draw the lay out and wiring Diagram Room No 1: 1 lamp Point, 1 fan Point Room No 2: 2 lamp Points, 1 fan Point 10. A) A 6 pole, 3 phase, star connect conductors per slot. It revolves at 10 emf generated per phase, if the wind are in series. B) A meter used to measure the volume of the series.	for a part of the House, 1-3 pin socket point, 1-3 pin socket point, 1-3 pin socket pointed alternator has a poor pom, the flux pering factor is 0.97 and	se with the follow int an armature with pole being 0.5 d all the conduc	n 90 slots and 12 Wb. Calculate the tors in each phase (6M)