

Roll No.																				
----------	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

**PRESIDENCY UNIVERSITY
BENGALURU**

SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING

TEST 1

Sem & AY: Odd Sem. 2019-20

Date: 01.10.2019

Course Code: MEC 220

Time: 2.30PM to 3.30PM

Course Name: FINITE ELEMENT ANALYSIS

Max Marks: 40

Program & Sem: B.Tech (MEC) & V

Weightage: 20%

Instructions:

- i. Answer all the Questions.
-

Part A [Memory Recall Questions]

Answer all the Questions. Each Question carries five marks. (3Qx5M=15M)

1. Enumerate the steps involved in FEA. (C.O.NO.1) (Knowledge)
2. Define Plane Stress with a neat sketch, and write the constitutive equation for a plane stress condition. (C.O.NO.1) (Comprehension)
3. Explain briefly the various types of elements used in FEA along with their degrees of freedom. (C.O.NO.1) (Knowledge)

Part B [Thought Provoking Questions]

Answer the Question. The Question carries fifteen marks. (1Qx15M=15 M)

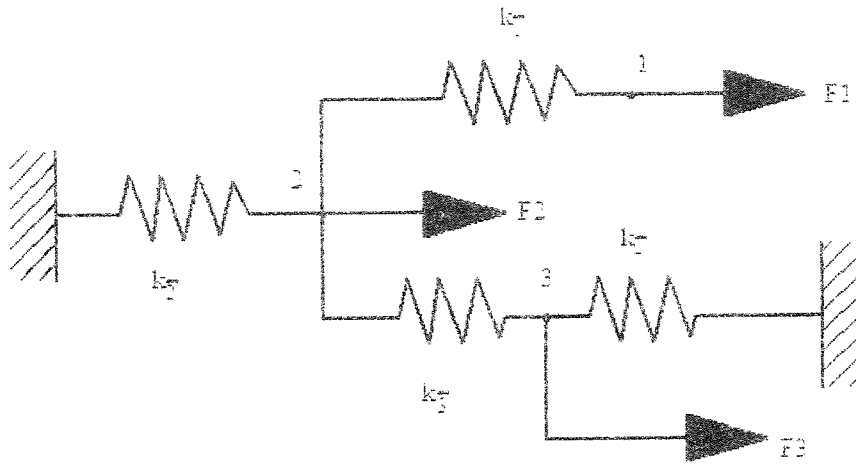
4. As a part of the smart city project, it is necessary to build the indoor stadium at Tumkur with a seating capacity of 3000 people. The frames used for the seating arrangement will be suspended freely at one end whereas the other end will be fixed to the walls, so that the each frame represents a cantilever beam. As a FEA engineer determine the maximum deflection that the cantilever beam may undergo using Rayleigh Ritz method if the load at the tip of the beam is P . Assume the span of the beam be as " L ", E = Young's modulus of the beam, I = moment of inertia of the beam. (C.O.NO.1) [Application]

Part C [Problem Solving Questions]

Answer the Question. The Question carries ten marks.

(1Qx10M=10M)

5. Solve for the nodal displacement in the following spring system. Where $k_1 = 50\text{N/mm}$, $k_2 = 50\text{N/mm}$, $k_3 = 60\text{N/mm}$, $k_4 = 80\text{N/mm}$, $F_1 = 100\text{N}$, $F_2 = 0$, $F_3 = 60\text{N}$, δ_1 , δ_2 , δ_3 , and δ_4 , are the deflections of the springs with stiffness k_1 , k_2 , k_3 and k_4 respectively shown in the diagram below. (C.O.NO.1) (Application)





SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING

Semester: V

Course Code: MEC220

Course Name: FINITE ELEMENT ANALYSIS

Date: 01-10-2019

Time: 2.30PM to 3.30PM

Max Marks: 40

Weightage: 20%

Extract of question distribution [outcome wise & level wise]

Q.NO.	C.O.NO	Unit/Module Number/Unit /Module Title	Memory recall type [Marks allotted] Bloom's Levels		Thought provoking type [Marks allotted] Bloom's Levels		Problem Solving type [Marks allotted]	Total Marks
			K	C	A			
1	1	1	1	5	K			5
2	1	1	1	5	C			5
3	2	2	1	5	K			5
4	1	1						15
5	1	1						15
6	1	1						10
	Total Marks	40	15					25

K = Knowledge Level C = Comprehension Level, A = Application Level

Note: While setting all types of questions the general guideline is that about 60%Of the questions must be such that even a below average students must be able to attempt, About 20% of the questions must be such that only above average students must be able to attempt and finally 20% of the questions must be such that only the bright students must be able to attempt.

[I hereby certify that All the questions are set as per the above guide lines. Mr. Shylesh K S]

Reviewers' Comments

Annexure- II: Format of Answer Scheme

SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING



Semester: V

Course Code: MEC220

Course Name: FINITE ELEMENT ANALYSIS

Date: 01-10-2019

Time: 2.30PM to 3.30PM

Max Marks: 40

Weightage: 20%

Part A

(3 x 5M = 15 Marks)

Q No	Solution	Scheme of Marking	Max. Time required for each Question
1	Step-1 Modeling i. Mathematical modelling ii. Geometric Modelling Step-2 Discretization of the Model Step-3 Selection of Displacement Model or Formulation of Elemental Displacement Model Step 4: Derivation of Elemental Stiffness Matrix Step 5: Assembly Elemental Stiffness Matrix or Formation of Global Stiffness Matrix Step 6: Applying the Boundary Conditions Step 7: Obtaining the Stress and Strain	Only listing is sufficient totally 7 steps should be mentioned 5 Marks	2 Mins

<p>2</p> <p>Plane stress condition</p> <p>is defined to be a state of stress in which the normal stresses and shear stresses directed perpendicular to the plane are assumed to be zero.</p> <p>Here $\sigma_x, \sigma_y, \tau_{xy}$ is given by</p> $\sigma_x = \frac{F}{A} (C_1 + C_2 r^2)$ $\sigma_y = \frac{F}{A} (C_3 + C_4 r^2)$ $\tau_{xy} = \frac{F}{A} (C_5 + C_6 r^2)$ <p>where $C_1, C_2, C_3, C_4, C_5, C_6$ are constants.</p> <p>Derive a formula for τ_{xy} in terms of σ_x and σ_y.</p>	<p>Definition of plane stress</p> <p>2 Marks</p>	<p>3 Mins</p>
<p>3</p> <p>Derive the constitutive equation for a linear elastic material under plane stress condition.</p>	<p>Constitutive Equation</p> <p>3 Marks</p>	<p>7 Mins</p>

Part B

(1 Q x 15M = 15 Marks)

Q No	Solution	Scheme of Marking	Max. time required for each Question
4	<p>Writing down the beam diagram with all the loading arrangements Equation for potential energy functional $\pi = \text{Strain Energy} + \text{Work Potential}$ Strain Energy (SE) = $\frac{1}{2} \int EI \left(\frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial x^2}\right)^2 dx$ Work Potential (WP) = $-PY_{\max}$ $\pi = \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \int EI \left(\frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial x^2}\right)^2 dx + (-PY_{\max}) \right\}$-----1 Assumed Polynomial Function $Y = a_0 + a_1 x + a_2 x^2 + a_3 x^3$-----2 Boundary Conditions at i. $X=0$: $Y=0 \Rightarrow a_0 = 0$-----3 ii. $X=0$: $dy/dx=0 \Rightarrow a_1 = 0$-----4 iii. $X=L$: $Y = Y_{\max}$ iv. $\frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial x^2} = 0$ $a_2 = -3a_3 L$-----5 therefore $\frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial x^2} = 6a_3 (X-L)$ $SE = \frac{36a_3^2 EI L^3}{6}$ $\pi = \frac{36a_3^2 EI L^3}{6} + 2a_3 PL^3$-----6 minimize the potential energy equation with respect to a_3 thereby $a_3 = \frac{-P}{6EI}$-----7 Substituting the values of a_0, a_1, a_2, and a_3 in equation "2" we get</p>	<p>1 Mark 3 Marks 2 Marks 3 Marks</p>	<p>20 Mins</p>

	$Y_{max} = \frac{PL^3}{3EI} \dots \dots \dots 8$ <p>Equation gives the final answer, i.e. maximum deflection at the free end in cantilever beam.</p>	3 Marks	
5	<p>Writing down the bar diagram with all the loading arrangements</p> <p>Equation for potential energy functional $\pi =$ Strain Energy + Work Potential</p> <p>Strain Energy (SE) = $\frac{1}{2} \int EA \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \right)^2 dx$</p> <p>Work Potential (WP) = $- 2U_1$</p> <p>$\pi = \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \int EA \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \right)^2 dx - 2U_1 \right\}$</p> <p>Assumed Polynomial function</p> <p>$U = a_0 + a_1 x + a_2 x^2 + a_3 x^3$</p> <p>Boundary Conditions at</p> <p>i. $X=0; U=0, \rightarrow a_0 = 0$</p> <p>ii. $X=2; U=0, \rightarrow a_1 = -2a_2$</p> <p>iii. $X=1; U=U_1, \rightarrow U_1 = -a_2$</p> <p>Then Value of "$\pi$" will become:</p> <p>$\pi = 1.33a_2^2 + 2a_2^2$</p> <p>Minimizing the potential energy functional, we get</p> <p>$a_2 = -0.75$ units</p> <p>Therefore displacement at the loading point is given by $U_1 = -a_2$</p> <p>$U_1 = 0.75$ units</p>	3 Marks	20 Mins
		6 Marks	

Q No	Solution	Scheme of Marking	Max. Time required for each Question
6	<p>Q6</p> <p>Let $U_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$, $U_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$, $U_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}$</p> <p>Let $U = \begin{bmatrix} U_1 & U_2 & U_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 3 & 4 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$</p> <p>Let $U^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} a & b & c \\ d & e & f \\ g & h & i \end{bmatrix}$</p> <p>Then $U U^{-1} = I$</p> <p>$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 3 & 4 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a & b & c \\ d & e & f \\ g & h & i \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$</p> <p>Equating corresponding elements, we get</p> <p>$a + 2d + 3g = 1$ $2a + 3e + 4h = 0$ $3a + 4f + 5i = 0$ $d + 3e + 4f = 0$ $e + 4f + 5i = 0$ $f + 5i = 0$</p> <p>Solving these equations, we get</p> <p>$a = 1 - 2d - 3g$ $2(1 - 2d - 3g) + 3e + 4h = 0$ $2 - 4d - 6g + 3e + 4h = 0$ $3(1 - 2d - 3g) + 4f + 5i = 0$ $3 - 6d - 9g + 4f + 5i = 0$ $d + 3e + 4f = 0$ $e + 4f + 5i = 0$ $f + 5i = 0$</p> <p>Let $i = t$</p> <p>$f = -5t$ $e = -4f - 5i = -4(-5t) - 5t = 20t - 5t = 15t$ $d = -3e - 4f = -3(15t) - 4(-5t) = -45t + 20t = -25t$ $a = 1 - 2d - 3g = 1 - 2(-25t) - 3g = 1 + 50t - 3g$ $2 - 4d - 6g + 3e + 4h = 0$ $2 - 4(-25t) - 6g + 3(15t) + 4h = 0$ $2 + 100t - 6g + 45t + 4h = 0$ $145t - 6g + 4h = -2$ $3 - 6d - 9g + 4f + 5i = 0$ $3 - 6(-25t) - 9g + 4(-5t) + 5t = 0$ $3 + 150t - 9g - 20t + 5t = 0$ $135t - 9g = -3$ $15t - g = -\frac{1}{3}$ $g = 15t + \frac{1}{3}$</p> <p>Substituting $g = 15t + \frac{1}{3}$ in $145t - 6g + 4h = -2$</p> <p>$145t - 6(15t + \frac{1}{3}) + 4h = -2$ $145t - 90t - 2 + 4h = -2$ $55t + 4h = 0$ $4h = -55t$ $h = -\frac{55t}{4}$</p> <p>Substituting $h = -\frac{55t}{4}$ in $145t - 6g + 4h = -2$</p> <p>$145t - 6(15t + \frac{1}{3}) + 4(-\frac{55t}{4}) = -2$ $145t - 90t - 2 - 55t = -2$ $0 = 0$</p> <p>Let $t = 0$</p> <p>$a = 1$ $d = 0$ $g = \frac{1}{3}$ $b = 0$ $e = 0$ $f = 0$ $h = 0$ $i = 0$</p> <p>Thus $U^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & \frac{1}{3} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$</p>	<p>Expressing the relationship between U_1, U_2, and U_3 and $\theta_1, \theta_2, \theta_3$ & θ_4. 3 Marks</p> <p>Arriving at Equation 3 2 Marks</p> <p>Arriving at Equation 5, 7 and 8 2 Marks</p> <p>Solving for U_1, U_2, and U_3 1 mark each</p>	15 mins

	<p> $U_1 = 3613 \text{ mm}$ $U_2 = 1613 \text{ mm}$ $U_3 = 119 \text{ mm}$ </p>		
	<p> $U_1 = 3613 \text{ mm}$ $U_2 = 1613 \text{ mm}$ $U_3 = 119 \text{ mm}$ </p>		



Roll No.																			
----------	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

**PRESIDENCY UNIVERSITY
BENGALURU**

SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING

TEST – 2

Sem & AY: Odd Sem 2019-20

Course Code: MEC 220

Course Name: FINITE ELEMENT ANALYSIS

Program & Sem: B.Tech. (MEC) & V

Date: 19.11.2019

Time: 2.30 PM to 3.30 PM

Max Marks: 40

Weightage: 20%

Instructions:

- (i) *All the questions compulsory.*

Part A [Memory Recall Questions]

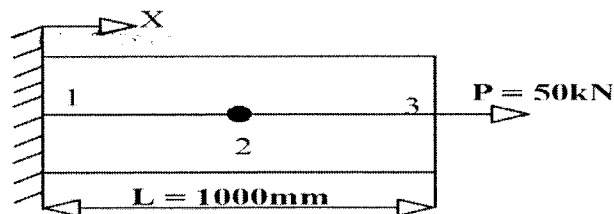
Answer all the Questions. Each Question carries five marks. (3Qx5M=15M)

1. Write down the expression for shape functions for 2-D four noded (linear) quadrilateral element with usual notations. Sketch the element diagram
(C.O.NO.3) [Knowledge]
2. Define Shape functions and briefly explain the characteristics of shape functions in FEM.
(C.O.NO.3) [Knowledge]
3. Define Truss and write down the equilibrium equation for truss element in the expanded form.
(C.O.NO.4) [Knowledge]

Part B [Thought Provoking Questions]

Answer the Question. The Question carry ten marks. (1Qx10M=10M)

4. Determine the nodal displacement, stresses and reaction forces for the one-dimensional bar element made up of mild steel with Young's modulus 200GPa and cross sectional area of 200mm² shown in the below figure. (Consider the given bar as a two element).
(C.O.NO.3) [Application]

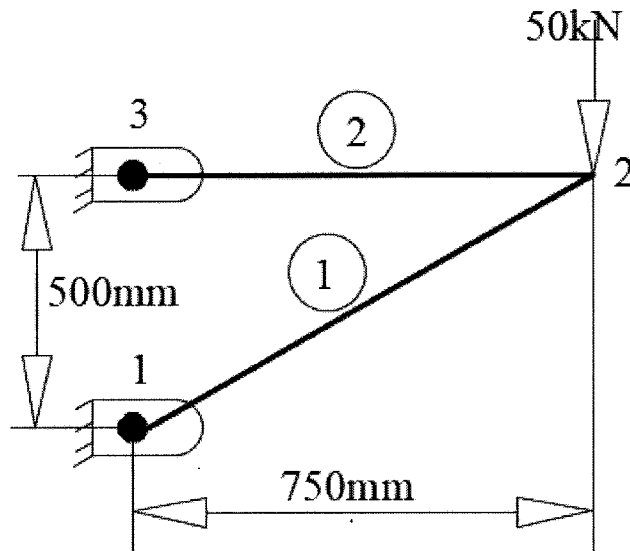


Part C [Problem Solving Questions]

Answer the Question. The Question carry fifteen marks.

(1Qx15M=15M)

5. Determine the nodal displacements of the truss member made up of mild steel with Young's modulus 200GPa and cross sectional area of $A_1=1000\text{mm}^2$ $A_2= 1250\text{mm}^2$ as shown in the below figure. (C.O.NO.4) [Application]





SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING

Semester: V

Course Code: MEC 220

Course Name: Finite Element Analysis

Date: 19-11-2019

Time: 2.30PM to 3.30 PM

Max Marks: 40

Weightage: 20%

Extract of question distribution [outcome wise & level wise]

Q.NO	C.O.NO	Unit/Module Number/Unit /Module Title	Memory recall type [Marks allotted] Bloom's Levels			Thought provoking type [Marks allotted] Bloom's Levels			Problem Solving type [Marks allotted]			Total Marks
			K	C	A	K	C	A	K	C	A	
1	CO-3	MODULE-	5									5
2	CO-3	MODULE-3	5									5
3	CO-4	MODULE-4	5									5
4	CO-3	MODULE-3						10				10
5	CO-3	MODULE-2									15	15
6	CO-3	MODULE-3										
7	CO-3	MODULE-3										
	Total Marks		15					10			15	40

K = Knowledge Level C = Comprehension Level, A = Application Level

Note: While setting all types of questions the general guideline is that about 60%

Of the questions must be such that even a below average students must be able to attempt, About 20% of the questions must be such that only above average students must be able to attempt and finally 20% of the questions must be such that only the bright students must be able to attempt.

Annexure- II: Format of Answer Scheme



SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING

SOLUTION

Semester: V

Course Code: MEC207

Course Name: Finite Element Analysis

Program & Sem: B.TECH. MECH ENGINEERING

Date: 19-11-2019

Time: 2.30 PM to 3.30PM

Max Marks: 40 MARKS

Weightage: 20%

Part A

(3Q x 5M = 15Marks)

Q No	Solution	Scheme of Marking	Max. Time required for each Question
1	<p>Diagram with usual notations</p> $u(x,y) \approx \sum_{i=1}^4 N_i(x,y)u_i$ $v(x,y) \approx \sum_{i=1}^4 N_i(x,y)v_i$ $N_1 = \frac{1}{2}(1-\xi) \cdot \frac{1}{2}(1-\eta), \quad N_2 = \frac{1}{2}(1+\xi) \cdot \frac{1}{2}(1-\eta)$ $N_3 = \frac{1}{2}(1+\xi) \cdot \frac{1}{2}(1+\eta), \quad N_4 = \frac{1}{2}(1-\xi) \cdot \frac{1}{2}(1+\eta)$	<p>1Marks</p> <p>4 Marks for the expression</p>	<p>2 Mins</p> <p>2 Mins</p>
2	<p>Definition of the Shape Function</p> <p>4 Characteristics of the shape functions</p>	<p>1Marks</p> <p>4 Marks for shape function characteristics</p>	<p>1 Mins</p> <p>1 Mins</p>

3	<p>Definition of the Truss Element</p> <p>Stiffness equation of a truss element:</p> $[k_e] = \frac{E_c A_c}{l_c} \begin{bmatrix} l^2 & lm & -l^2 & -lm \\ lm & m^2 & -lm & -m^2 \\ -l^2 & -lm & l^2 & lm \\ -lm & -m^2 & lm & m^2 \end{bmatrix}$	1 Marks	1 Mins
Part B (1Q x 10M = 10Marks)			
4	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Writing down the finite element model of the given continuum with two element discretization. Determination of elemental stiffness matrix for two elements and global stiffness matrix. $[k_1] = 10^4 \begin{bmatrix} 8 & -8 \\ -8 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$ $[k_2] = 10^4 \begin{bmatrix} 8 & -8 \\ -8 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$ $[k] = 10^4 \begin{bmatrix} 8 & -8 & 0 \\ -8 & 16 & -8 \\ 0 & -8 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$ Writing down the global displacement vector and global force vector. Solving the equilibrium equation with the boundary conditions (elimination approach or penalty approach). $10^4 \begin{bmatrix} 8 & -8 & 0 \\ -8 & 16 & -8 \\ 0 & -8 & 8 \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} q_1 \\ q_2 \\ q_3 \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 50 * 10^3 \end{Bmatrix}$ Arriving at the values for $Q_2 = 0.625\text{mm}$ and $Q_3 = 1.25\text{mm}$ 	1Marks	1 Mins
		1Marks	
		1Marks	4 Mins
		2Marks	1 Mins
		1Marks	
		2Marks	3 Mins
		2Marks	2 Mins

Q No	Solution	Scheme of Marking	Max. Time required for each Question																														
5	<p>1. Writing down the finite element model of the given continuum with two element discretization.</p> <p>2. Tabulating the node data and determination of elemental data</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="512 577 1034 730"> <thead> <tr> <th>Node Number</th> <th>X (mm)</th> <th>Y(mm)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>750</td> <td>500</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>0</td> <td>500</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <table border="1" data-bbox="379 763 1166 949"> <thead> <tr> <th>Element Number</th> <th>Initial node</th> <th>Final node</th> <th>Length of the element</th> <th>l (mm)</th> <th>m(mm)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>2</td> <td>901.39</td> <td>0.832</td> <td>0.555</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>2</td> <td>3</td> <td>750</td> <td>-1</td> <td>0</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>3. Determination of elemental stiffness matrix for two elements and global stiffness matrix.</p> $[k_1] = 10^5 \begin{bmatrix} 1.53 & 1.02 & -1.53 & -1.02 \\ 1.02 & 0.681 & -1.02 & -0.681 \\ -1.53 & -1.02 & 1.53 & 1.02 \\ -1.02 & -0.681 & 1.02 & 0.681 \end{bmatrix}$ $[k_2] = 10^5 \begin{bmatrix} 3.2 & 0 & -3.2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -3.2 & 0 & 3.2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ $[k] = 10^5 \begin{bmatrix} 1.53 & 1.02 & -1.53 & -1.02 & 0 & 0 \\ 1.02 & 0.681 & -1.02 & -0.681 & 0 & 0 \\ -1.53 & -1.02 & 4.73 & 1.02 & -3.2 & 0 \\ -1.02 & -0.681 & 1.02 & 0.681 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -3.2 & 0 & 3.2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$	Node Number	X (mm)	Y(mm)	1	0	0	2	750	500	3	0	500	Element Number	Initial node	Final node	Length of the element	l (mm)	m(mm)	1	1	2	901.39	0.832	0.555	2	2	3	750	-1	0	4 Marks	5 Mins
Node Number	X (mm)	Y(mm)																															
1	0	0																															
2	750	500																															
3	0	500																															
Element Number	Initial node	Final node	Length of the element	l (mm)	m(mm)																												
1	1	2	901.39	0.832	0.555																												
2	2	3	750	-1	0																												
		8 Marks	15 Mins																														

4. Writing down the global displacement vector and global force vector.
5. Solving the equilibrium equation with the boundary conditions (elimination approach or penalty approach).

$$10^5 \begin{bmatrix} 1.53 & 1.02 & -1.53 & -1.02 & 0 & 0 \\ 1.02 & 0.681 & -1.02 & -0.681 & 0 & 0 \\ -1.53 & -1.02 & 4.73 & 1.02 & -3.2 & 0 \\ -1.02 & -0.681 & 1.02 & 0.681 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -3.2 & 0 & 3.2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ q_3 \\ q_4 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ -50 * 10^3 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{Bmatrix}$$

Arriving at the values for displacements at node 2 as

$$Q_3 = 0.25\text{mm and } Q_4 = -1.09\text{mm}$$

3 Marks

10
Mins



Roll No																			
---------	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

**PRESIDENCY UNIVERSITY
BENGALURU**

SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING

END TERM FINAL EXAMINATION

Semester: Odd Semester: 2019 - 20
Course Code: MEC 220
Course Name: FINITE ELEMENT ANALYSIS
Program & Sem: B.Tech (MEC) & V

Date: 28 December 2019
Time: 9.30 AM to 12.30 PM
Max Marks: 80
Weightage: 40%

Instructions:

- (i) Read the all questions carefully and answer accordingly.
- (ii) Scientific and non-programmable calculators are permitted.

Part A [Memory Recall Questions]

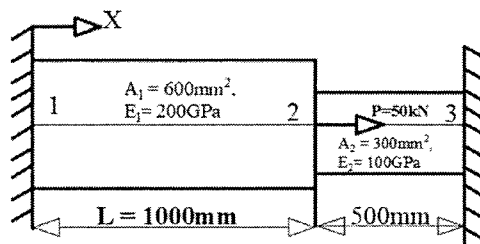
Answer all the Questions. Each Question carries 2 marks. (5Qx2M=10M)

1. Mention any four softwares used for Finite Element Analysis. (C.O.No.1) [Knowledge]
2. Write down the shape functions for 1-D two noded bar element. (C.O.No.2) [Knowledge]
3. Write down the stiffness matrix for 1D linear bar element. (C.O.No.3) [Knowledge]
4. Write down the equilibrium equation for truss element in the expanded form. (C.O.No.4) [Knowledge]
5. Write down the finite element equation for 1-D heat conduction with free end convection. (C.O.No.5) [Knowledge]

Part B [Thought Provoking Questions]

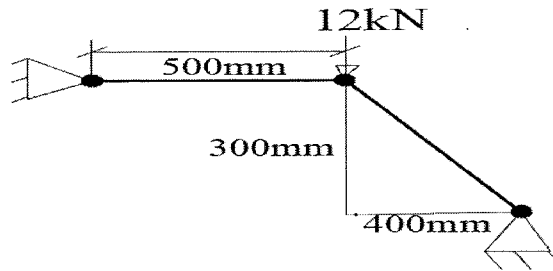
Answer both Questions. Each Question carries 15 marks. (2Qx15M=30M)

6. Determine nodal displacements in stepped bar given below which is constrained on both ends.



(C.O.No.3) [Comprehension]

7. Determine the nodal displacements for the following two member truss element given below.
 ($E = 2 \times 10^2 \text{ N/mm}^2$, $A = 200 \text{ mm}^2$)

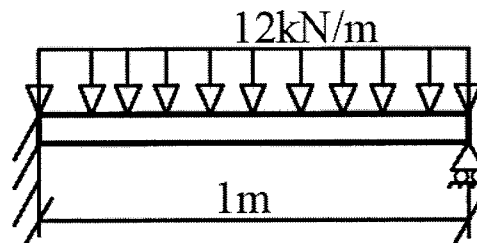


(C.O.No.4) [Application]

Part C [Problem Solving Questions]

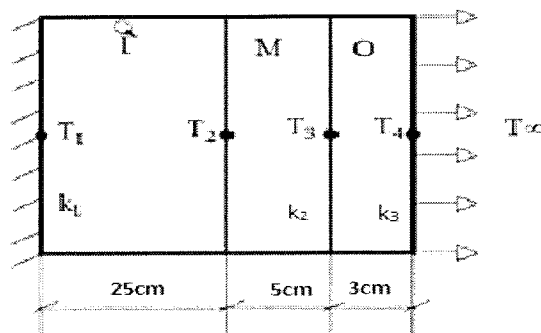
Answer both Questions. Each Question carries 20 marks. (2Qx20M=40M)

8. For the beam shown below, obtain the maximum deflection due to the uniformly distributed load. Take young's modulus $E = 200 \text{ GPa}$, and Moment of Inertia $I = 2 \times 10^6 \text{ mm}^4$.



(C.O.No.4) [Application]

9. An induction furnace wall is made up of three layers, inside, middle and outer layer with thermal conductivity k_1 , k_2 and k_3 respectively as shown in figure below. Determine the nodal temperature. Given $k_1 = 8.5 \text{ W/m-K}$, $k_2 = 0.25 \text{ W/m-K}$ and $k_3 = 0.08 \text{ W/m-K}$, $T_1 = 600^\circ\text{C}$, $T_\infty = 300^\circ\text{C}$, $h = 45 \text{ W/m}^2\text{K}$.



(C.O.No.5) [Application]



SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING

END TERM FINAL EXAMINATION

Extract of question distribution [outcome wise & level wise]

Q.NO	C.O.NO (% age of CO)	Unit/Module Number/Unit /Module Title	Memory recall type	Thought provoking type	Problem Solving type	Total Marks
			[Marks allotted]	[Marks allotted]	[Marks allotted]	
			Bloom's Levels	Bloom's Levels	[Marks allotted]	
			K	C	A	
1	1	1	2			2
2	2	2	2			2
3	3	3	2			2
4	4	4	2			2
5	5	5	2			2
6	3	3		15		15
7	4	4			15	15
8	4	4			20	20
9	5	5			20	20
Total Marks			10	15	55	80

K = Knowledge Level C = Comprehension Level, A = Application Level

Note: While setting all types of questions the general guideline is that about 60%

Of the questions must be such that even a below average students must be able to attempt, About 20% of the questions must be such that only above average students must be able to attempt and finally 20% of the questions must be such that only the bright students must be able to attempt.

I hereby certify that all the questions are set as per the above guidelines.

Faculty Signature:

Reviewer Commend:

Format of Answer Scheme



SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING

SOLUTION

Semester: Odd Sem. 2019-20

Course Code: MEC 220

Course Name: FINITE ELEMENT ANALYSIS

Program & Sem: BTECH-5TH

Date: 28.12.2019

Time: 3 HRS

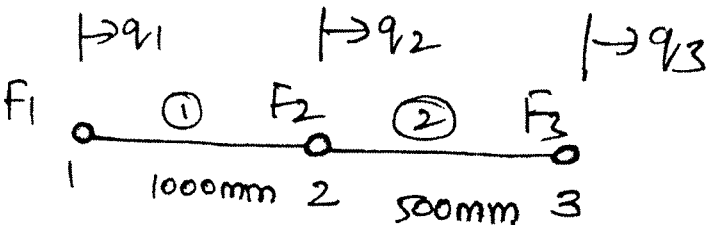
Max Marks: 80

Weightage: 40%

Part A

(5Q x 2M = 10Marks)

Q No	Solution	Scheme of Marking	Max. Time required for each Question
1	Softwares <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LS-Dyna • Ansys • ABAQUS • Openfoam • Hyperworks • Fusion 360 • Pam crash • Nastran 	0.5 mark for each software	5min
2	$N1=(1-\xi)/2, N2=(1+\xi)/2$	1mark for each	5min
3	$k = \frac{AE}{L} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$	2M	5min
4	$[k_c] = \frac{E_c A_c}{l_c} \begin{bmatrix} l^2 & lm & -l^2 & -lm \\ lm & m^2 & -lm & -m^2 \\ -l^2 & -lm & l^2 & lm \\ -lm & -m^2 & lm & m^2 \end{bmatrix}$	2M	5min
5	$\left[\frac{Ak}{le} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} + hA \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \right] \begin{Bmatrix} T_1 \\ T_2 \end{Bmatrix} = AhT_\infty \begin{Bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{Bmatrix}$	2M	5min

Q No	Solution	Scheme of Marking	Max. Time required for each Question
6	 <p> $[K] = 10^5 \begin{bmatrix} 1.2 & -1.2 & 0 \\ -1.2 & 1.8 & -0.6 \\ 0 & -0.6 & 0.6 \end{bmatrix}$ $[Q] = [0 \quad q_2 \quad 0]^T$ $[F] = [0 \quad 5 \times 10^4 \quad 0]^T$ <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: fit-content; margin: 10px auto;"> $q_2 = 0.278 \text{ mm}$ </div> </p>	15M	35min

7

(i) Nodal coordinate data

Node no	x	y
1	900	0
2	500	300
3	0	300

(ii) Element connectivity data

Element	Initial node	Final node	le	l	m
1	1	2	500	-0.8	0.6
2	2	3	500	-1	0

$$[K] = 10^4 \begin{bmatrix} 5.12 & -3.84 & -5.12 & 3.84 & 0 & 0 \\ -3.84 & 2.88 & 3.84 & -2.88 & 0 & 0 \\ -5.12 & 3.84 & 13.12 & -3.84 & -8 & 0 \\ 3.84 & -2.88 & -3.84 & 2.88 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -8 & 0 & 8 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[F] = \{ 0 \quad 0 \quad 0 \quad -12 \times 10^3 \quad 0 \quad 0 \}^T$$

$$[B] = \{ 0 \quad 0 \quad q_3 \quad q_4 \quad 0 \quad 0 \}^T$$

$$q_3 = -0.2$$

$$q_4 = -0.683$$

Q No	Solution	Scheme of Marking	Max. Time required for each Question
8	$[K] = 400 \begin{bmatrix} 12 & 6 & -12 & 6 \\ 6 & 4 & -6 & 2 \\ -12 & -6 & 12 & -6 \\ 6 & 2 & -6 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$ $[F] = \{-6 \ -1 \ -6 \ 1\}^T$ $[Q] = \{v_1 \ \theta_1 \ v_2 \ \theta_2\}^T$ $= \{0 \ 0 \ 0 \ \theta_2\}^T$ $\theta_2 = 6.25 \times 10^{-4} \text{ rad.}$ <p>maximum deflection</p> $v_{\max} = \frac{le}{2} \theta_2$ $= \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{-1}{4} \right) 6.25 \times 10^{-4}$ $v_{\max} = 7.8125 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m.}$	20M	40min

$$[k_c] = \begin{bmatrix} 34 & -34 & 0 & 0 \\ -34 & 39 & -5 & 0 \\ 0 & -5 & 7.66 & -2.66 \\ 0 & 0 & -2.66 & 2.66 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[k_w]_{\text{end}} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 45 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[k] = \begin{bmatrix} 34 & -34 & 0 & 0 \\ -34 & 39 & -5 & 0 \\ 0 & -5 & 7.66 & -2.66 \\ 0 & 0 & -2.66 & 47.66 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[F] = \{ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 13635 \}^T$$

T2=846K
T3=664K
T4=323K