Roll No.						



# **PRESIDENCY UNIVERSITY**

## BENGALURU

# End - Term Examinations - MAY 2025

Date: 31-05-2025

**Time:** 01:00 pm – 04:00 pm

School: SOIS	Program: BCA		
Course Code: CSA1003	Course Name: Fundamentals of Data Science		
Semester: II	Max Marks: 100	Weightage: 50%	

CO - Levels	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	C05
Marks	26	24	26	24	

Instructions:

(i) Read all questions carefully and answer accordingly.

(ii) Do not write anything on the question paper other than roll number.

#### Part A

Answ	ver ALL the Questions. Each question carries 2marks.	100	) x 2M	=20M
1.	What is data cleaning, and why is it necessary?	2 Marks	L2	C01
2.	List any two benefits of Data Science.	2 Marks	L2	C01
3.	Differentiate between Data Mining and Data Warehousing	2 Marks	L2	C01
4.	What are the different types of data in statistics?	2 Marks	L2	CO2
5.	Define categorical and numerical variables with one example each.	2 Marks	L2	C02
6.	Define correlation, what are types and correlation?	2 Marks	L2	CO3
7.	What is regression, what are types of regression?	2 Marks	L2	CO3
8.	What is the regression toward mean, give two examples	2 Marks	L2	CO3
9.	What is supervised learning, What are its types	2 Marks	L2	C04
10.	Explain Reinforcement learning with an example	2 Marks	L2	C04

# Part B

		Answer the Questions.	Total Marks 80M			
11.	a.	Discuss the process and importance of data cleaning and transformation.	6 Marks	L3	C01	
	b.	Discuss the benefits and real-world applications of Data Science	6 Marks	L3	C01	
	C.	Explain the Data Science Process with its key steps.	8 Marks	L2	C01	
		Or				
12.	a.	What are facets of data? Explain their importance in Data Science.	6 Marks	L2	C01	
	b.	Differentiate between Data Mining and Data Warehousing with examples.	6 Marks	L3	C01	
	C.	Explain the differences between structured, semi-structured, and unstructured data with examples.	8 Marks	L2	C01	
13.	a.	Differentiate between qualitative and quantitative data with examples.	6 Marks	L3	C02	
	b.	What is the range in statistics? How does it compare to variance and standard deviation in measuring data dispersion?	6 Marks	L2	CO2	
	C.	Calculate the variance and standard deviation for the dataset: 4, 8, 12, 16, 20.	8 Marks	L3	CO2	
		Or				
14.	a.	Explain the concept of Mean, Median, and Mode, and their significance in data analysis.	6 Marks	L2	CO3	
	b.	Explain Relative frequency distribution and Cumulative frequency distribution.	6 Marks	L2	CO3	
	C.	Create Histogram graph for the following Data Distribution in Statistics:	8 Marks	L3	CO3	
		dataset: 5, 8, 12, 15, 18, 22, 25, 28, 30, 35, 40, 42, 45, 48, 50, construct a histogram using 5 class intervals. Calculate the class width and frequency for each interval.				
15.	a.	Describe applications of correlation coefficient in data science	6 Marks	L2	CO3	
	b.	Discuss the Interpretation of R-square - Coefficient of Discovery with an example	6 Marks	L3	CO4	

	С.	intercept(b) are com Find the regression of Study hours 2 3 5	puted. equation for	the follow	50 55 60	8 Marks	Aarks L3 CO					
		9			70							
		9		Or	85							
16.	a.	Describe Computation necessary	onal Formula		nputational formula is	6 Marks	L2	CO4				
	b.	Discuss the Standard	l of Error Es	timation(	SEE) with an example	6 Marks	L3	CO4				
	C.	Compute the Coeffic	ient of corre	lation for	the following data set	8 Marks	L3	CO4				
		Student	Study Hou	irs	Exam Score							
		1	2		50							
		2	3		55							
		3	5		65							
		4	7		70							
		5	9		85							
17.	a.	Discuss Reinforcem used in Reinforceme		0	be the various terms significance	6 Marks	L3	CO4				
	b.	Discuss Supervised I	Machine Lea	rning with	n an example	6 Marks	L3	CO4				
	C.	What is K Nearest N step working of K Ne	-	-	Discuss the step by rithm .	8 Marks	L3	CO4				
	I			Or								
18.	a.	Describe Hierarchica		-	-	6 Marks	L2	CO4				
	b.	Explain any Five app				6Marks	L2	CO4				
	C.	Explain what you me	ean by K- m	eans clust	ering	8 Marks	L3	CO4				

X 1 2 2 3 4 5   Y 1 1 3 2 3 5		vide the ustering		ng data	into two	clusters	using K	- means	
Y 1 1 3 2 3 5	X		1	2	2	3	4	5	
	Y	,	1	1	3	2	3	5	