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PRESIDENCY UNIVERSITY

BENGALURU

End - Term Examinations - MAY 2025

School: SOCSE	Program : B. Tech in Computer Science & Engineering				
Course Code: CSE3020	Course Name: Smart Contract a	and Solidity			
Semester: VI	Max Marks: 100	Weightage: 50%			

CO - Levels	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4
Marks	6	26	38	30

Instructions:

- (i) Read all questions carefully and answer accordingly.
- (ii) Do not write anything on the question paper other than roll number.

Part A

Answer ALL the Questions. Each question carries 2marks.

10Q x 2M=20M

1.	Define a smart contract.	2 Marks	L1	CO1
2.	List the basic data types in Solidity	2 Marks	L1	CO1
3.	Identify three special variables available in Solidity contracts.	2 Marks	L1	CO1
4.	What is the purpose of the msg.sender variable in Solidity?	2 Marks	L1	CO2
5.	Name a few Ethereum clients.	2 Marks	L1	CO2
6.	Describe how transactions are processed in Ethereum.	2 Marks	L2	CO2
7.	Differentiate between contract deployment and contract execution.	2 Marks	L2	CO3
8.	Explain the structure of a Solidity smart contract.	2 Marks	L2	CO3
9.	Explain what the "proof of ownership" contract ensures.	2 Marks	L2	CO3
10.	Describe the function of Web3.js in Ethereum DApps.	2 Marks	L2	CO3

Part B **Answer the Questions. Total Marks 80M** Analyze how the structure of a Solidity file supports modular 10 Marks **L4** CO 4 0r Examine how control structures in Solidity affect contract 10 Marks **L4** CO 4 Identify the use of modifiers for access control—are they always 10 Marks CO **L4** 3 $\mathbf{0r}$ Distinguish the risks and tradeoffs of deploying contracts on 10 Marks **L4** \mathbf{CO} nublic testnets before mainnet

(e.g., mapping vs. struct arrays). Or 16. a. Compare how external libraries and contracts differ in deployment, gas, and access. 17. a. Determine the lifecycle of a transaction from a MetaMask wallet to execution in the EVM. Or 18. a. Examine how using require vs assert affects gas usage and debugging. 19. a. Classify a Solidity inheritance structure where a base contract defines access control, and child contracts enforce it. Or 20. a. Explain a DApp interface using Web3.js that interacts with a deployed smart contract with dynamic inputs. 21. a. Demonstrate a contract that stores user profiles and allows updating only by the respective user address.		3
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	L3	CO
		4
0r		
22. a. Employ a Solidity smart contract that tracks asset ownership 20 Marks	L3	СО
and allows only the owner to transfer it.		4

11.

12.

13.

14.

a.

a.

programming.

the best option?

behavior.