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PRESIDENCY UNIVERSITY

BENGALURU

End - Term Examinations - MAY 2025

Date: 31-05-2025 **Time:** 09:30 am – 12:30 pm

School: SOL	Program: BA/BBA/BCom LLB (Hons)			
Course Code: LAW4027	Course Name: Financial Market Regulation			
Semester: VI	Max Marks:100	Weightage: 50%		

CO - Levels	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5
Marks	20	20	25	15	20

Instructions:

- (i) Read all questions carefully and answer accordingly.
- (ii) Do not write anything on the question paper other than roll number.

Part A

Answer ALL the Questions. Each question carries 2marks.

 $10Q \times 2M = 20M$

1	Differentiate between primary and secondary financial markets.	2 Marks	L1	CO1
2	What are the primary functions of a financial system?	2 Marks	L1	CO1
3	Define securities as per Section 2(h) of the Securities Contract Regulation Act (SCRA), 1956.	2 Marks	L1	CO1
4	What is the meaning of issuance of securities in the financial market?	2 Marks	L1	CO1
5	What is SEBI (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018?	2 Marks	L1	CO1
6	Explain in your own words how a stock exchange facilitates the buying and selling of securities.	2 Marks	L2	CO2
7	Explain the difference between corporatization and demutualization of stock exchanges using simple terms.	2 Marks	L2	CO2
8	Explain the main objective of the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 in regulating stock exchanges and securities trading in India.	2 Marks	L2	CO2

9	Explai	in the main objectives of the SEBI Act, 1992 in you	ır 2 Marks	L2	CO2
10	Sumn	narize the typical process involved in the setup of al fund in India.	a 2 Marks	L2	CO2
	•	Part B	·		·
		Answer the Questions		Total 8	80 Marks
11.	a.	What are the key objectives of SEBI ICDR regulations?	10 Marks	L1	CO1
	i.	or	:		
12.	a.	How does the listing of securities on a stock exchange benefit a company?	10 Marks	L1	CO1
13.	a.	If a startup wants to reward its employees with a stake in the company, which type of security should it offer: equity shares, sweat equity, or ESOPs? Explain why.	10Marks	L2	CO2
	i	or	i i		I
14.	a.	Suppose a company wants to raise funds without giving ownership control. Which type of security—equity shares or debentures—would be more suitable?	10 Marks	L2	CO2
15.	a.	If a company wants to raise funds through the stock market for the first time, which process should it follow, and what regulations apply?	10Marks	L3	СО3
		Or			
16.	a.	Suppose a company fails to meet listing requirements; what steps can SEBI take for compulsory delisting?	10Marks	L3	CO3
		<u>i</u>	ii		<u></u>
17.	a.	Scenario: ABC Ltd., a mid-sized manufacturing company, plans to raise ₹500 crore by issuing shares to the public for the first time. The company has filed a Draft Red Herring Prospectus (DRHP) with SEBI and is preparing		L3	co 3

under SEBI's ICDR Regulations, 2018, that ABC Ltd. must comply with before proceeding with the IPO? 3 M 2. Why is SEBI's scrutiny of the Draft Red Herring Prospectus (DRHP) important for investor protection?	
3. What eligibility conditions must ABC Ltd. meet under ICDR regulations to proceed with its IPO? Or	arks

18.	Case Study Title: Impact of Delisting of Securities on Existing Shareholders and Market Prices			
	Scenario: XYZ Ltd., a publicly listed IT firm, announces its decision to voluntarily delist from the stock exchange due to a strategic merger with a foreign company. The company offers to buy back shares from existing shareholders at ₹400 per share, based on recent market prices. However, some minority shareholders feel that the offer price is too low and may not reflect the company's true value. On the other hand, the stock market reacts negatively, and XYZ Ltd.'s share price fluctuates drastically after the announcement. Questions: 1. What is the process for voluntary delisting		L3	CO3
	under SEBI regulations, and what approvals are required?	5Marks		

	2. How does the delisting decision impact minority shareholders, and what rights do they have in this situation?3. Why do share prices often become volatile when a company announces delisting?	5 Marks		
19.	Scenario: A regional stock exchange continues to			
	operate as a mutual organization where brokers are both owners and traders, creating a conflict of interest.			604
	Question: Referencing Section 4B of the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, analyze how demutualization can address this conflict and promote transparency.	15Marks	L4	CO4
	Or	I I		<u> </u>
20.	Scenario: After the SEBI-mandated demutualization, a broker challenges the loss of ownership rights in the stock exchange, claiming it violates their original membership privileges. Question:			
	Discuss this in light of the Supreme Court's decision in BSE Brokers Forum v. SEBI (2001)	10Marks	L4	CO4
	analyze whether SEBI's demutualization mandate under Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, was legally justified.	5 Marks		
<u>i</u>		.i		ii
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21.	Scenario- Insider Trading Incident: A well-known company's stock price suddenly surged just before a major acquisition announcement. SEBI suspects insider trading and begins an investigation.		L5	CO5

	Act, 1992 to investigate and take action in this case? What objectives of SEBI are being fulfilled through such action?	10 Marks		
	Or	<u></u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
22.	Scenario – Unregistered Investment Advisor: A social media influencer has been giving stock tips without being registered, leading to heavy losses for some followers.			
	Question: How does SEBI regulate such unauthorized investment advisors?	10Marks	L5	CO5
	Under which provisions of the SEBI Act 1992 can action be taken?	10 Marks		

***** BEST WISHES *****