Roll No.						



PRESIDENCY UNIVERSITY

BENGALURU

End - Term Examinations - MAY 2025

Date: 30-05-2025 **Time:** 01:00 pm – 04:00 pm

 School: SOM-PG
 Program: MBA

 Course Code: MBA3038
 Course Name: Team Dynamics

 Semester: IV
 Max Marks: 100
 Weightage: 50%

CO - Levels	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5
Marks	24	23	26	27	-

Instructions:

- (i) Read all questions carefully and answer accordingly.
- (ii) Do not write anything on the question paper other than roll number.

Part A

Answer ALL the Questions. Each question carries 3marks.

 $100 \times 3M = 30M$

AIIS	wer ALL the Questions. Each question carries smarks.	10Q X 3M=30M			
1.	Define team and mention two types of teams.	3 Marks	L2	CO1	
2.	Infer the reasons for shared identity being important in team collaboration.	3 Marks	L2	CO1	
3.	Illustrate team cohesion with an example.	3 Marks	L3	CO2	
4.	Identify the ways in which the individual behavior affects the collective team performance.	3 Marks	L3	CO2	
5.	What is meant by "transition phase" in leadership?	3 Marks	L4	CO3	
6.	Define individual empowerment.	3 Marks	L4	CO3	
7.	Interpret the role of culture in team leadership.	3 Marks	L4	CO3	
8.	Discuss the impact of organizational politics in teams.	3 Marks	L5	CO4	
9.	Interpret the meaning of social loafing.	3 Marks	L5	CO4	
10.	Prioritize four common reasons for team failure.	3 Marks	L5	CO4	

Part B

		Tureb			
		Answer the Questions.	Total Ma	rks 40	M
11.	a.	Explain the benefits and potential drawbacks of team-based work and how can organizations mitigate common problems like conflict or social loafing?	10 Marks	L2	C01
		Or		l .	
12.	a.	A newly formed product development team at a tech startup struggles with internal conflict and unclear roles. Over time, they build trust, aligned goals, and successfully launch a product, showcasing the power of teamwork and shared identity. Based on the given scenario, identify two key factors that contributed to the team's success. How do trust and shared goals influence team performance?	10 Marks	L2	CO1
4.0			4.0		200
13.	a.	Explain Tuckman's model of group development with an example.	10 Marks	L3	CO2
		0r			
14.	a.	Examine the types of team-building interventions and their effectiveness in resolving team conflicts to improve collaboration.	10 Marks	L3	CO2
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15.	a.	Explain the concept of 3D team leadership and its application in modern organizations.	10 Marks	L4	CO3
		Or		I .	
16.	a.	A cross-functional team is formed to launch a new product. The team includes members from R&D, marketing, and finance. Conflicts arise due to differing priorities, and the leader struggles to maintain unity. Identify the leadership challenges in this case. Propose strategies the leader can adopt to manage cross-functional conflicts effectively.	10 Marks	L4	CO3
4-	1		4.0		T ==
17.	a.	Discuss the importance of developing and applying effective communication methods in teams. Illustrate with examples how communication practices influence team outcomes.	10 Marks	L5	CO 4
		0r			
18.	a.	A college project group is struggling because everyone wants to lead, and no one wants to take notes or manage timelines. The project is unorganized and behind schedule.	10 Marks	L5	CO 4

Part C

Apply Belbin's team roles to this situation. Suggest a role

distribution that could help the team function better.

Answer all the Questions. Each question carries 15marks

 $2Q \times 15M = 30M$

19.	a.	GreenTech Innovations assigned a team of five employees from	15	L2	CO1
		different departments to develop a sustainable packaging	Marks	&	&
				L3	CO2

solution. In the first few meetings, team members were formal						
and hesitant to share ideas, unsure of each other's working style.						
Soon, differences in opinion regarding the design approach and						
workload distribution caused conflicts, affecting team morale.						
The project manager then initiated team-building activities and						
clarified individual roles and expectations. Gradually,						
communication improved, and the team began to work						
collaboratively, respecting each other's input.						

As trust deepened, the team became highly productive, meeting project milestones efficiently and innovatively. Once the project was completed, the team held a reflection session, shared feedback, and appreciated each other's efforts before returning to their respective departments.

Questions:

- Q1. Identify the five stages of team development as per Tuckman's model shown in the case.
- Q2. Analyze the factors that helped the team move from the storming stage to the norming stage.
- Q3. Discuss why the team formation stages are important for leaders?

20.	a.	At BrightEdge Advertising, a cross-functional team was formed	15	L3	CO3
		to create a major campaign for a new product launch. The team	Marks	&	&
		included members from design, content, social media, and client		L4	CO4
		servicing departments. At first, excitement was high, but soon			
		issues began to surface. The designer felt overwhelmed with			
		requests, the content writer wasn't receiving clear direction, and			
		the client servicing executive often clashed with others over			
		deadlines.			
		The project leader noticed the growing tension and held a team			
		workshop focused on improving communication, setting clear			
		expectations, and encouraging feedback. Slowly, the team began			
		to understand each other's strengths and roles. They established			
		regular check-ins, shared responsibilities fairly, and began			
		collaborating more effectively. The result was a highly successful			
		campaign and a more cohesive team moving forward.			
		Questions:			
		Q1. Identify the challenges that the team face in the early stages			
		of the project.			
		Q2. Analyze the steps that the team leader takes to improve			
		team dynamics.			
		Q3. Elaborate how the understanding of other's strengths			
		contribute to teamwork?			