



# PRESIDENCY UNIVERSITY

BENGALURU

## Mid - Term Examinations – October 2025

Date: 11-10-2025

Time: 02.00pm to 03.30pm

School: SOC/SOM-UG	Program: SOM	
Course Code: CBS1001	Course Name: MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS	
Semester: I	Max Marks: 50	Weightage: 25%

CO - Levels	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5
Marks	36	14	-	-	-

**Instructions:**

- (i) **Read all questions carefully and answer accordingly.**
- (ii) **Do not write anything on the question paper other than roll number.**

### Part A

Answer ALL the Questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

5Q x 2M=10M

1	Define Managerial Economics.	2 Marks	L1	CO1
2	Describe the four factors of production.	2 Marks	L1	CO1
3	Outline the meaning of Demand.	2 Marks	L1	CO1
4	State the role of an isoquant in production.	2 Marks	L1	CO2
5	List out the determinants of supply.	2 Marks	L1	CO2

### Part B

Answer ALL the Questions. Each question carries 10 marks.

4Q x 10M=40M

6.	Explain the meaning, scope, and importance of Managerial Economics.	10 Marks	L2	CO1
<b>Or</b>				
7.	Find elasticity of demand for each commodity?	10 Marks	L2	CO1

Commodity	Original Price	New Price	Original Demand	New Demand			
X	10	11	50	45			
Y	2	1.2	10	18			
Z	90	92	40	35			
W	5	4	25	30			

8.	Draw and explain a Law of Demand with the help of demand schedule and demand curve. Show the price-quantity relationship.	10 Marks	L2	CO 1
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Or

Complete The Table Using The Demand Function and Supply Function

$$Q_d = 500 - 5P$$

$$Q_s = -500 + 10P$$

9.	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Qd</th><th>P</th><th>Qs</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td></td><td>49</td><td>59</td></tr> <tr> <td>120</td><td></td><td>260</td></tr> <tr> <td>100</td><td>70</td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td></td><td>90</td><td>400</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Qd	P	Qs		49	59	120		260	100	70			90	400	10 Marks	L2	CO 1
Qd	P	Qs																	
	49	59																	
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10.	Explain the types price elasticity of demand with diagrams.	10 Marks	L2	CO 1
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Or

11.	1) If the supply function is $Q_s = -50 + 10P$ , calculate supply at $P = ₹8$ . 2) A supplier increases quantity supplied from 500 to 600 units when price rises from ₹20 to ₹22. Calculate Elasticity of Supply.	10 Marks	L2	CO 1
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12.	Calculate TVC, AFC, AVC, and MC from the total cost data below.	10 Marks	L2	CO 2																				
	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Output (units)</th> <th>0</th> <th>1</th> <th>2</th> <th>3</th> <th>4</th> <th>5</th> <th>6</th> <th>7</th> <th>8</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Total Cost (Rs.)</td> <td>350</td> <td>420</td> <td>480</td> <td>530</td> <td>570</td> <td>600</td> <td>650</td> <td>710</td> <td>780</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Output (units)	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	Total Cost (Rs.)	350	420	480	530	570	600	650	710	780			
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Total Cost (Rs.)	350	420	480	530	570	600	650	710	780															

Or

13.	Explain the law of variable proportion with reference to TP, AP, and MP.	10 Marks	L2	CO 2
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