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# PRESIDENCY UNIVERSITY

## BENGALURU

### Mid - Term Examinations – October 2025

**Date:** 08-10-2025

**Time:** 11.45am to 01.15pm

<b>School:</b> SOCSE	<b>Program:</b> B.Tech. (EEE)	
<b>Course Code:</b> EEE1200	<b>Course Name:</b> Basics of Electrical and Electronics Engineering	
<b>Semester:</b> I	<b>Max Marks:</b> 50	<b>Weightage:</b> 25%

CO - Levels	C01	C02	C03	C04	C05
<b>Marks</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>26</b>	-	-	-

**Instructions:**

- (i) *Read all questions carefully and answer accordingly.*
- (ii) *Do not write anything on the question paper other than roll number.*

#### Part A

**Answer ALL the Questions. Each question carries 2marks.**

**5Q x 2M=10M**

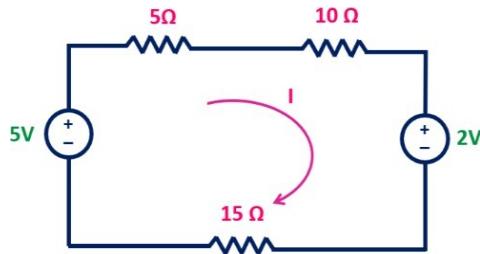
<b>1</b>	Mention the various types of circuits used in the electrical system.	<b>2 Marks</b>	<b>L1</b>	<b>C01</b>
<b>2</b>	Write the equivalent resistance when two resistors are connected in series?	<b>2 Marks</b>	<b>L1</b>	<b>C01</b>
<b>3</b>	With a neat waveform, define i) Frequency, ii) Time period.	<b>2 Marks</b>	<b>L1</b>	<b>C02</b>
<b>4</b>	Outline the differences between the RMS value and the peak value in an AC supply.	<b>2 Marks</b>	<b>L1</b>	<b>C02</b>
<b>5</b>	List out the advantages of an AC supply over a DC supply.	<b>2 Marks</b>	<b>L1</b>	<b>C02</b>

#### Part B

**Answer the Questions.**

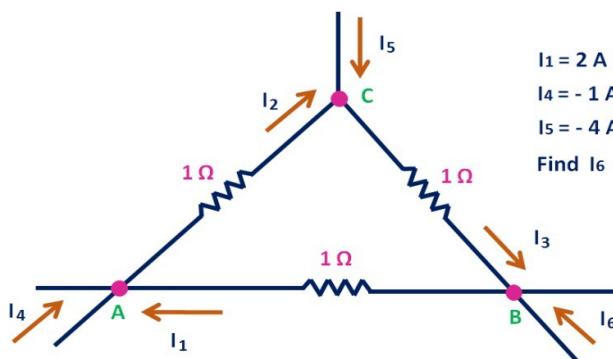
**Total Marks 40M**

<b>6.</b>	<b>a.</b>	State and explain Ohm's law with a neat diagram. Mention its limitations.	<b>06 Marks</b>	<b>L2</b>	<b>C01</b>
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	<b>b.</b> Find the current (I) and the voltage drop across a $15\Omega$ resistor.	<b>04 Marks</b>	<b>L3</b>	<b>CO1</b>
				

Or

<b>7.</b>	<b>a.</b> State and explain Kirchhoff's Voltage Law with a neat circuit diagram and equation.	<b>06 Marks</b>	<b>L2</b>	<b>CO1</b>
	<b>b.</b> For the given circuit, find the current $I_6$ .	<b>04 Marks</b>	<b>L3</b>	<b>CO1</b>



<b>8.</b>	<b>a.</b> Apply Kirchhoff's Current Law at a circuit point, determine the current flows in each branch with a neat diagram.	<b>06 Marks</b>	<b>L3</b>	<b>CO1</b>
	<b>b.</b> Explain that a circuit consists of two resistors connected in parallel.	<b>04 Marks</b>	<b>L2</b>	<b>CO1</b>
Or				
<b>9.</b>	<b>a.</b> Determine the coefficient of coupling between the two coils.	<b>06 Marks</b>	<b>L3</b>	<b>CO1</b>
	<b>b.</b> Explain the self-inductance of a coil?	<b>04 Marks</b>	<b>L2</b>	<b>CO1</b>

<b>10.</b>	<b>a.</b> Produce an AC waveform when a coil is placed in a magnetic field with a neat diagram.	<b>06 Marks</b>	<b>L3</b>	<b>CO2</b>
	<b>b.</b> Determine the voltage and current relations in a three-phase star-connected network.	<b>04 Marks</b>	<b>L3</b>	<b>CO2</b>
Or				

<b>11.</b>	<b>a.</b>	Determine the voltage, current, and power in a pure resistive circuit with a diagram and waveforms.	<b>06 Marks</b>	<b>L3</b>	<b>CO2</b>
	<b>b.</b>	A 60 Hz voltage of 115V (rms) is impressed on a $100 \Omega$ resistance. Determine i) $V_m$ , ii) $I_m$ , and iii) $\omega$ .	<b>04 Marks</b>	<b>L3</b>	<b>CO2</b>

<b>12.</b>	<b>a.</b>	Determine the voltage, current, and power in a series RL circuit with a diagram and waveforms.	<b>06 Marks</b>	<b>L3</b>	<b>CO2</b>
	<b>b.</b>	The equation for an alternating current is given by $i=28.28 \sin(314t+30^\circ) A$ . Find its rms value, frequency, and phase angle.	<b>04 Marks</b>	<b>L3</b>	<b>CO2</b>
<b>Or</b>					
<b>13.</b>	<b>a.</b>	Determine the voltage, current, and power in a three-phase delta-connected network.	<b>06 Marks</b>	<b>L3</b>	<b>CO2</b>
	<b>b.</b>	A 400V, 3- $\phi$ supply is connected across a balanced load of three impedances, each consisting of a $32\Omega$ resistance and $24\Omega$ inductive reactance in series. Determine the current drawn from the power mains if the three impedances are in a Y-connected network.	<b>04 Marks</b>	<b>L3</b>	<b>CO2</b>