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PRESIDENCY UNIVERSITY

BENGALURU

Mid - Term Examinations – October 2025

Date: 08-10-2025

Time: 02.00pm to 03.30pm

School: SOM-UG/SOC	Program: BBE	
Course Code: BBE3004	Course Name: Legal aspects of E-commerce	
Semester: V	Max Marks: 50	Weightage: 25%

CO - Levels	C01	C02	C03	C04	C05
Marks	26	24	-	-	-

Instructions:

- (i) Read all questions carefully and answer accordingly.
- (ii) Do not write anything on the question paper other than roll number.

Part A

Answer ALL the Questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

5Q x 2M=10M

1	Define Electronic Commerce	2 Marks	L1	C01
2	List any two features of E-Commerce	2 Marks	L1	C01
3	Write any two threats of E-Commerce	2 Marks	L1	C01
4	State any two advantages of Digital Signatures	2 Marks	L2	C02
5	What is an Electronic Contract?	2 Marks	L2	C02

Part B

Answer ALL the Questions. Each question carries 10 marks.

4Q x 10M=40M

6.	A government portal provides online services like tax payment, birth certificate, and utility bills. Analyze how E-Governance principles are applied in this case.	10 Marks	L1	C01
Or				
7.	A company shifted from traditional business to an online E-Commerce platform. Identify the advantages and disadvantages they	10 Marks	L1	C01

	might face.			
8.	A global clothing brand launches its online store in India. They allow customers to browse products, pay online, and track delivery status. Explain the types of E-Commerce to classify their business model.	10 Marks	L1	CO 1
Or				
9.	An E-Commerce company operating internationally faces disputes when foreign customers complain about defective goods and seek legal remedy in their home countries. Discuss how the UNCITRAL Model Law on E-Commerce can assist in resolving such cross-border disputes. In your answer, include the key aspects and principles of the UNCITRAL Model Law relevant to international electronic transactions.	10 Marks	L1	CO 1
10.	A customer purchased goods online and agreed to the “Terms & Conditions” by clicking an “I Agree” button. Later, the customer claimed they did not read the terms and refused to honor the contract. a) Examine whether this forms a valid e-contract under Indian laws. b) Discuss the essentials of an e-contract.	10 Marks	L2	CO 2
Or				
11.	A financial services company uses Digital Signatures for online transactions. Recently, a dispute arose when one client claimed their transaction was not authorized. a) Analyze the legal validity of digital signatures in India. b) Explain how Public Key Infrastructure (PKI) and Electronic Signature Certificates (ESC) ensure security.	10 Marks	L2	CO 2
12.	Two companies enter into a business agreement through email communication. Later, one party denies the existence of the contract, saying no physical signatures were exchanged. a) Evaluate the legal validity of e-contracts in India. b) Explain how the Information Technology Act, 2000 supports such contracts.	10 Marks	L2	CO2
Or				
13.	A payment gateway enters into an electronic agreement with merchants to process online transactions. Later, a merchant accuses the gateway of failing to provide secure services. a) Evaluate the contractual obligations in this case. b) Discuss the legal remedies available in case of non-performance.	10 Marks	L2	CO2