



PRESIDENCY UNIVERSITY

BENGALURU

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Make-up Examinations – December 2025

Date: 27 – 12- 2025

Time: 01:00pm – 04:00pm

School: SOCSE	Program: B. Tech. (CSE)	
Course Code: CSE3010	Course Name: Deep Learning Techniques	
Semester: MK	Max Marks: 100	Weightage: 50%

CO - Levels	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5
Marks	30	30	20	20	N/A

Instructions:

1. Read all questions carefully and answer accordingly.
2. Do not write anything on the question paper other than roll number.
3. Your answers for the **FIRST 12 questions** must end by **PAGE #12**. You must start answering **QUESTION 13** from **PAGE #13**.

Part A

Answer ALL the Questions. Each question carries 2marks.

10Q x 2M=20M

1	Name the activation function which takes a vector as input and returns a probability distribution as the output.	2 Marks	L1	CO1
2	Name any activation function which is used for binary classification.	2 Marks	L1	CO1
3	State the range for the ReLU activation function.	2 Marks	L1	CO1
4	Expand CNN	2 Marks	L1	CO1
5	State true or false. Cross-entropy is an activation function for multi-class classification.	2 Marks	L1	CO1
6	A particular pooling function takes the vectors $V1 = [1,2,3]$ and $V2 = [1,4,5]$. It produces the output $V = [1,4,5]$. State the type of pooling function it is.	2 Marks	L1	CO1

7	Name the 2 different types of nodes in a Boltzmann Machine.	2 Marks	L1	C01
8	State true or false. The entropy of a uniform distribution is maximum.	2 Marks	L1	C01
9	Define Regularization.	2 Marks	L1	C01
10	Write down the formula for the sigmoid activation function.	2 Marks	L1	C01

Part B

Answer the Questions

Total 80 Marks.

11.	a.	Write down the formula of the Leaky ReLU activation function. Calculate the slope of the Leaky ReLU activation function if $x > 0$ and $x < 0$. At $x = 0$, we will have multiple values of the slope. Derive a condition, so that the slope of the Leaky ReLU function is constant for all values of x .	10 Marks	L2	C01
	b.	Given the loss function $L(a,b,c) = 2a*(b-3c)$. Calculate the gradients of the loss function L with each of the inputs a , b , and c , when $a = 3$, $b = 0$, and $c = 3$.	10 Marks	L3	C02

Or

12.	a.	Let $f(x)$ be the ELU of x . Let $f'(x)$ be the derivative of $f(x)$ with respect to x . Prove that $f'(x) = 1$ if $x > 0$ and $f'(x) = f(x) + a$, if x is less than 0, where a is the parametric constant used in calculating the ELU.	10 Marks	L2	C01
	b.	Given the loss function $L(a,b,c) = 2a*(b-3c)$. Calculate the gradients of the loss function L with each of the inputs a , b , and c , when $a = 7$, $b = 1$, and $c = 4$.	10 Marks	L3	C02

13.	The following are the weight matrices learnt in an LSTM: $W_f = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 & 0 \\ -2 & 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix}, b_f = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -2 \\ -2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ $W_c = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}, b_c = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ -4 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ $W_i = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, b_i = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ $W_o = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}, b_o = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -2 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$ For the input sequence: $X_1 = [1,1,1]$, $X_2 = [2,2,2]$, $X_3 = [3, 3, 3]$, calculate the output.	20 Marks	L3	C04
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Or

14.	The following are the weight matrices learnt in an LSTM: $W_f = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 & 0 \\ -2 & 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix}, b_f = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -2 \\ -2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ $W_c = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}, b_c = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ -4 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ $W_i = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, b_i = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ $W_o = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}, b_o = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -2 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$ For the input sequence: $X_1 = [3,3,3], X_2 = [2,2,2], X_3 = [1, 1, 1]$, calculate the output.	20 Marks	L3	C04
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15.	The input to a softmax classifier is the following vector: $X = [20000, 20000.001]$. Calculate the output. NOTE: Your output should be correct up to 5 decimal places .	20 Marks	L3	C02
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Or

16.	The input to a softmax classifier is the following vector: $X = [1951, 1952, 1953, 1954]$. Calculate the output. NOTE: Your output should be correct up to 5 decimal places .	20 Marks	L3	C02
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17.	Consider the following 6*6 matrix: <table border="1" style="width: 100%; text-align: center;"><tr><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>0</td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>1</td></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>0</td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>1</td></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>0</td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>1</td></tr></table> Calculate the output of applying the following convolution filter (stride = 1) to that matrix: <table border="1" style="width: 100%; text-align: center;"><tr><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td></tr></table>	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	20 Marks	L3	C03
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Or

18. Consider the following 6*6 matrix:

20 Marks

L3

C03

1	0	1	0	1	0
0	1	0	1	0	1
1	0	1	0	1	0
0	1	0	1	0	1
1	0	1	0	1	0
0	1	0	1	0	1

Calculate the output of applying the following convolution filter (stride = 1) to that matrix:

0	0	0
0	1	0
0	0	0

***** BEST WISHES *****