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PRESIDENCY UNIVERSITY

BENGALURU

Make-up Examinations – December 2025

Date: 27 – 12- 2025

Time: 01:00pm – 04:00pm

School: SOL	Program: BA LLB/BBA LLB/B.COM LLB	
Course Code : LAW3003	Course Name: Constitutional Law II	
Semester:- MK	Max Marks: 100	Weightage: 50%

CO - Levels	C01	C02	C03	C04	C05
Marks	14	14	34	21	17

Instructions:

- (i) Read all questions carefully and answer accordingly.
- (ii) Do not write anything on the question paper other than roll number.

Part A

Answer ALL the Questions. Each question carries 2marks.

10Q x 2M=20M

1.	Write a note on federal nature of the Indian Constitution in the light of judicial pronouncements.	2 Marks	L1	C01
2.	Write the provisions of the Constitution which empowers the Parliament to legislate on the state list.	2 Marks	L1	C02
3.	How the President of India is elected?	2 Marks	L1	C03
4.	Examine the powers of the Supreme Court under Article 142.	2 Marks	L1	C04
5.	Analyze whether the Supreme Court is bound by its own decision.	2 Marks	L1	C05
6.	Analyze the duties of the Governor towards the President.	2 Marks	L2	C01
7.	Examine the constitutional procedure for the removal of a judge of the Supreme Court and of a High Court from their respective offices?	2 Marks	L2	C02

8.	Discuss the composition of the Union Public Service Commission	2 Marks	L2	C03
9.	Explain the concept of PIL with examples.	2 Marks	L2	C04
10.	Explain the grounds of disqualification for a Member of Parliament under the Constitution of India.	2 Marks	L2	C05

Part B

Answer the Questions.

Total Marks 80M

11.	a.	Inter State River water disputes are a continuing challenge to federal water governance in India.' Comment.	10 Marks	L3	C01
Or					
12.	a.	Examine the issues, role and working of zonal councils in a federal setup and propose solutions.	10 Marks	L3	C01

13.	a.	Constitution of India while adopting some of the principles and institutions developed in other democratic and federal countries strikes new paths, new approaches and patterns in several directions. It makes bold departures in many respects from the established constitutional norms and introduces many innovations.' Examine with the help of relevant provisions of the Constitution of India.	10 Marks	L4	C03
Or					
14.	a.	Examine the provisions of the Constitution of India which characterizes India as a federation with a strong centralizing tendency.	10 Marks	L4	C03

15.	a.	Outline the meaning and scope of the doctrine of Pith and substance and colorable legislation.	10 Marks	L3	C05
Or					

16.	a.	By an Act the State Government was authorized to make a scheme of Nationalization of motor transport in the State. This law was necessitated because the Central Act did not contain any provision for the nationalization of motor transport services. Later on the Parliament with a view to introduce a uniform law amended the Central Act and added a new provision enabling the state Government to frame rules for the nationalization of motor transport. The validity of the State Act was questioned. Decide with the help of decided cases.	10 Marks	L4	C05
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17.	a.	A purely regulatory and compensatory law cannot be regarded as violative of the freedom of trade and commerce. Discuss with the help of leading decisions.	15 Marks	L4	C02
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Or

18.	a.	'A' a State Government issued a notification requiring a person transporting goods through that State on goods carrier or vessel to carry permits in the prescribed form. 'B' purchased 165 bags of mustard from the 'C' State and was transporting the same to State 'A' by truck. This notification was challenged by 'B' as being violative of Art.301 and 304 of the Constitution. Discuss.	15 Marks	L4	C02
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19.	a.	Administrative relations, in modern era, are an effective tool for enforcing laws and promoting socio-economic welfare of the people'. Discuss with the help of provisions of the Constitution of India.	15 Marks	L6	C04
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Or

20.	a.	Appraise the Financial relations between Centre and the States with the help of leading cases.	15 Marks	L6	C04
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21.	a.	<p>“In the constitutional scheme, where State governments are seen as equal partners, the founders thought it necessary to be very careful in allocating the powers of taxation. The partition made for this purpose was highly intricate, and they ensured that the taxes assigned to the Union and the States were mutually exclusive. The introduction of the Goods and Services Tax, however, militates against this objective. In endeavoring to pursue the goal of creating a single market through homogenization of the tax regime, the 101st Constitutional Amendment Act, 2016 grants to both the Union and the State governments concomitant powers over certain indirect taxes. To effectuate this effort, the law also creates a GST Council, where both Union and States have representation.” Appraise these Union-State financial relations in context of the 101st Constitutional amendment related to Goods and Services Tax.</p>	20 Marks	L5	CO4
Or					
22.	a.	<p>The President of India issues a proclamation dissolving the assemblies in a State and orders re-election to the state legislature. Some of the Ministers thrown out of office on account of this proclamation, challenge the validity of the President’s order. They contended that only the respective governors of the State concerned have the power to dissolve the State Assembly. Advice.</p>	20 Marks	L5	CO4