



# PRESIDENCY UNIVERSITY

BENGALURU

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## Mid - Term Examinations - MARCH 2026

Date: 10-03-2026

Time: 09:30am - 11:00am

<b>School:</b> SOE	<b>Program:</b> B.Tech - PET		
<b>Course Code :</b> PET2007	<b>Course Name:</b> Oil and Gas Surface Facility Design		
<b>Semester:</b> VI	<b>Max Marks:</b> 50	<b>Weightage:</b> 25%	

CO - Levels	C01	C02	C03	C04	C05
Marks	16	17	17	-	-

### Instructions:

- (i) Read all questions carefully and answer accordingly.
- (ii) Do not write anything on the question paper other than roll number.

### Part A

Answer ALL the Questions. Each question carries 2marks.

5Q x 2M=10M

1	Identify two drawbacks of a vertical separator.	2 Marks	L1	C01
2	List two selection consideration for separators.	2 Marks	L1	C01
3	Outline four factors that affect phase separation.	2 Marks	L1	C01
4	Define any two vessel internals.	2 Marks	L1	C02
5	Describe stage separation.	2 Marks	L1	C03

## Part B

**Answer the Questions.**

**Total Marks 40M**

<b>6.</b>	Explain the working of a three-phase vertical separator using a labeled schematic diagram, and describe the function of each major component involved in the separation process.	<b>10 Marks</b>	<b>L2</b>	<b>CO1</b>
<b>Or</b>				
<b>7.</b>	Summarize the detailed comparison between filter separators and glycol dehydrators in terms of design, function, and application in gas processing systems.	<b>10 Marks</b>	<b>L2</b>	<b>CO1</b>

<b>8.</b>	<p>Interpret the given data to design a three-phase vertical separator.</p> <p>Oil flow rate = 5,000 bopd</p> <p>Water flow rate = 3,000 bwpd</p> <p>Gas flow rate = 5 MMSCFD</p> <p>Operating pressure = 150 psia</p> <p>Operating temperature = 80°F</p> <p>Oil gravity = 30° API</p> <p>(S.G.)<sub>w</sub> = 1.07</p> <p>(S.G.)<sub>g</sub> = 0.7</p> <p>Oil viscosity = 10 cp</p> <p>Assume, drag coefficient, <math>C_D = 0.851</math></p> <p>Compressibility factor, <math>z = 0.84</math></p> <p>Retention time, <math>(t_r)_o = (t_r)_w = 10</math> min</p> <p><math>\beta = 0.257</math></p> <p>Oil droplet size = 100 micron</p> <p>Water droplet size = 500 micron</p> <p>Based on these data calculate separator size, seam to seam length and slenderness ratio, assume the vessel internal diameter ranging from 84 to 102 inches.</p>	<b>15 Marks</b>	<b>L3</b>	<b>CO2</b>
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**Or**

<p><b>9.</b></p>	<p>Interpret the given data to design a three-phase horizontal separator.</p> <p>Oil flow rate = 5,000 bopd</p> <p>Water flow rate = 3,000 bwpd</p> <p>Gas flow rate = 5 MMSCFD</p> <p>Operating pressure = 150 psia</p> <p>Operating temperature = 80°F</p> <p>Oil gravity = 30° API</p> <p>(S.G.)<sub>w</sub> = 1.07</p> <p>(S.G.)<sub>g</sub> = 0.7</p> <p>Oil viscosity = 10 cp</p> <p>Assume, drag coefficient, <math>C_D = 0.851</math></p> <p>Compressibility factor, <math>z = 0.84</math></p> <p>Retention time, <math>(t_r)_o = (t_r)_w = 10</math> min</p> <p><math>\beta = 0.257</math></p> <p>Oil droplet size = 100 micron</p> <p>Water droplet size = 500 micron</p> <p>Based on these data calculate separator size, seam to seam length and slenderness ratio, assume the vessel internal diameter ranging from 60 to 108 inches.</p>	<p><b>15 Marks</b></p>	<p><b>L3</b></p>	<p><b>CO2</b></p>
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<p><b>10.</b></p>	<p>Analyze and derive the equation for the terminal settling velocity of a droplet under laminar flow conditions using Stokes' Law.</p>	<p><b>15 Marks</b></p>	<p><b>L4</b></p>	<p><b>CO3</b></p>
<p><b>Or</b></p>				
<p><b>11.</b></p>	<p>Analyze and derive the governing equations for gas and liquid capacity in the sizing of a horizontal separator.</p>	<p><b>15 Marks</b></p>	<p><b>L4</b></p>	<p><b>CO3</b></p>