



Even Semester End Term Examination, May / June 2026

Date: 22/05/2026

Time: 01.00 PM - 04.00 PM

Course Code: MGT2021

Course Name: Finance for Engineers

Semester: Fourth Semester

Max. Marks: 100

Weightage: 50%

CO - Levels	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4
Marks	66	38	38	38

Part A: Answer Following Questions. 20 M

Qn.No	Questions	M	CO	BT
1	Recall the different sources of finance.	2	CO1	BT1
2	What is the time value of money?	2	CO2	BT1
3	List any two steps in the capital budgeting process.	2	CO2	BT1
4	Define net present value (NPV).	2	CO2	BT1
5	What is meant by bonus shares?	2	CO3	BT1
6	Define cost of capital.	2	CO3	BT1
7	What is meant by weighted average cost of capital (WACC)?.	2	CO3	BT1
8	Explain bill discounting in simple terms.	2	CO4	BT2
9	What is net working capital?	2	CO4	BT1
10	List the types of working capital policies.	2	CO4	BT1

Part B: Answer Any 1 Following Questions. 16 M

Qn.No	Questions	M	CO	BT
11.a	Explain financial statements, their objectives, and types in detail.	6	CO1	BT2
11.b	Following is the financial information of XYZ Ltd. Sales 800000 Cost of goods sold 70% of sales	10	CO1	BT2

	Indirect expenses 5% of sales Provision for tax 50% of net profit. Prepare the income statement of XYZ Ltd.			
12.a	Explain the role of finance in business and its importance in achieving organizational goals.	6	CO1	BT2
12.b	The following is the financial information for ABC Ltd. Sales 500000 Cost of goods sold 300000 Indirect expenses 100000 Provision for tax 65000. Prepare the income statement of ABC Ltd.	10	CO1	BT2

Part C: Answer Any 1 Following Questions. 16 M

Qn.No	Questions	M	CO	BT																
13.a	Explain the major financial management decisions.	6	CO1	BT2																
13.b	From the following information, compute the Income Statement (Trading and Profit & Loss Account) for the year ended 31 March 2025. <table><tr><th>Particulars</th><th>Amount (₹)</th></tr><tr><td>Opening Stock</td><td>25,000</td></tr><tr><td>Purchases</td><td>90,000</td></tr><tr><td>Sales</td><td>1,80,000</td></tr><tr><td>Wages</td><td>15,000</td></tr><tr><td>Rent</td><td>8,000</td></tr><tr><td>Salaries</td><td>18,000</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td></tr></table>	Particulars	Amount (₹)	Opening Stock	25,000	Purchases	90,000	Sales	1,80,000	Wages	15,000	Rent	8,000	Salaries	18,000			10	CO1	BT2
Particulars	Amount (₹)																			
Opening Stock	25,000																			
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	<table><tr><td>Closing Stock</td><td>35,000</td></tr></table>	Closing Stock	35,000																	
Closing Stock	35,000																			
14.a	Critically examine the Cash Flow Statement by explaining its meaning, objectives, and importance in financial analysis.	6	CO1	BT2																
14.b	From the following information, prepare Trading and Profit & Loss Account for the year ended 31 March 2025: Adjustments: Rent outstanding ₹1,000 Salaries prepaid ₹2,000 <table><tr><td>Particulars</td><td>Amount (₹)</td></tr><tr><td>Opening Stock</td><td>30,000</td></tr><tr><td>Purchases</td><td>1,20,000</td></tr><tr><td>Sales</td><td>2,00,000</td></tr><tr><td>Wages</td><td>20,000</td></tr><tr><td>Rent Paid</td><td>9,000</td></tr><tr><td>Salaries Paid</td><td>25,000</td></tr><tr><td>Closing Stock</td><td>40,000</td></tr></table>	Particulars	Amount (₹)	Opening Stock	30,000	Purchases	1,20,000	Sales	2,00,000	Wages	20,000	Rent Paid	9,000	Salaries Paid	25,000	Closing Stock	40,000	10	CO1	BT2
Particulars	Amount (₹)																			
Opening Stock	30,000																			
Purchases	1,20,000																			
Sales	2,00,000																			
Wages	20,000																			
Rent Paid	9,000																			
Salaries Paid	25,000																			
Closing Stock	40,000																			

Part D: Answer Any 1 Following Questions. 16 M				
Qn.No	Questions	M	CO	BT
15.a	Explain the payback period and accounting rate of return methods, highlighting their advantages and limitations.	6	CO2	BT2
15.b	A project costs Rs. 20,00,000 and yields annually a profit of Rs. 3,00,000 after depreciation @ 12½% but before tax at 50%. Calculate the pay-back period. Profits under PBP should be in the format of PBDAT.	10	CO2	BT1

	Profit 3,00,000(PADBT) .			
16.a	Explain the concept of capital budgeting and discuss its need and importance in business decision-making.	6	CO2	BT2
16.b	A company is considering two projects with the following cash flows. Compute NPV at 10% discount rate. Project X: Initial outlay ₹2,00,000; inflows: ₹30,000, ₹40,000, ₹50,000, ₹30,000. Project Y: Initial outlay ₹2,50,000; inflows: ₹20,000, ₹30,000, ₹40,000, ₹60,000.	10	CO2	BT2

Part E: Answer Any 1 Following Questions. 16 M

Qn.No	Questions	M	CO	BT												
17.a	Describe the significance of cost of capital in financial decisions.	6	CO3	BT2												
17.b	A company has got following capital structure Tax Rate = 30% Calculate the Weighted Average Cost of Capital (WACC). <table><tr><td>Source</td><td>Amount (₹)</td><td>Cost</td></tr><tr><td>Equity Shares</td><td>6,00,000</td><td>14%</td></tr><tr><td>Preference Shares</td><td>2,00,000</td><td>11%</td></tr><tr><td>Debt</td><td>4,00,000</td><td>10%</td></tr></table>	Source	Amount (₹)	Cost	Equity Shares	6,00,000	14%	Preference Shares	2,00,000	11%	Debt	4,00,000	10%	10	CO3	BT2
Source	Amount (₹)	Cost														
Equity Shares	6,00,000	14%														
Preference Shares	2,00,000	11%														
Debt	4,00,000	10%														
18.a	Explain various sources of finance and their suitability for different business needs.	6	CO3	BT2												
18.b	A company has got following capital structure Tax Rate = 30% Calculate the Weighted Average Cost of Capital (WACC). <table></table>	10	CO3	BT2												

Source	Amount (₹)	Cost			
Equity	5,00,000	12%			
Preference Shares	2,00,000	10%			
Debt	3,00,000	8%			

Part F: Answer Any 1 Following Questions. 16 M

Qn.No	Questions	M	CO	BT
19.a	Discuss different working capital policies (conservative, moderate, aggressive) and their implications.	6	CO4	BT3
19.b	Prepare an estimate of working capital from the following: - Raw Materials = ₹1,20,000 - WIP = ₹50,000 - Finished Goods = ₹90,000 - Debtors = ₹70,000 - Bills Receivable = ₹20,000 - Cash = ₹40,000 - Creditors = ₹60,000 - Bills Payable = ₹30,000 - Outstanding Expenses = ₹20,000 Safety Margin = 10% of Net Working Capital	10	CO4	BT3
20.a	Explain the factors determining working capital requirements in a business.	6	CO4	BT3
20.b	Prepare an estimate of working capital from the following: - Raw Materials = ₹80,000 - Work-in-Progress = ₹20,000	10	CO4	BT3

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| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Finished Goods = ₹60,000 • Debtors = ₹40,000 • Cash Balance = ₹30,000 • Creditors = ₹25,000 • Outstanding Wages = ₹10,000 • Outstanding Expenses = ₹5,000 <p>Safety Margin = ₹20,000</p> | | | |
|---|--|--|--|