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Bengaluru

Mid Term Examinations - October 2026

Date: 05/10/2026 **Time:** 02:00 PM - 03:30 PM

Course Code: BAL4001 **Course Name:** Indian Economy

Semester: Third Semester **Max. Marks:** 50 **Weightage:** 50%

CO - Levels	CO1	CO2
Marks	92	88

PART A: Answer Following Questions. 10 M

Q.N.	Questions	M	CO	BT
1	Expand GDP, GNP, GNI and NI.	2	CO1	BT1
2	Narrate Market Price and Factor Cost.	2	CO1	BT1
3	State any two differences between Current Price and Constant Price.	2	CO1	BT1
4	List the top four states as per Agricultural Marketing and Farmer Friendly Reforms Index (AMFFRI).	2	CO2	BT1
5	Mention top four states performing better Agricultural Productivity in India.	2	CO2	BT1

PART B : Answer Any 1 Following Questions. 10 M

Q.N.	Questions	M	CO	BT
6	Explain the Characteristics of Developing Economy.	10	CO1	BT1
7	Distinguish between Growth and Development.	10	CO1	BT1

PART C: Answer Any 1 Following Questions. 10 M

Q.N.	Questions	M	CO	BT
8	Agriculture and the non-agricultural sectors in the Indian economy are deeply interdependent through production, demand, and resource flows. With reference to the above context, discuss the Interlinkages between agriculture and non-agricultural sector of Indian Economy.	10	CO2	BT1
9	Contract farming in India is a legally binding agreement between agricultural producers and corporate buyers to produce and supply farm goods under pre-arranged terms for price, quality, and quantity. With reference to the above statement, Illustrate the impact of Contract Farming on Indian Agriculture Context.	10	CO2	BT1

PART D: Answer Any 1 Following Questions. 10 M

Q.N.	Questions	M	CO	BT
10	Define Indian Economy and enumurate its structural framework.	10	CO1	BT1
11	Explain how tax cuts for wealthy individuals may benefit the wider economy according to the trickle-down theory.	10	CO1	BT1

PART E: Answer Any 1 Following Questions. 10 M

Q.N.	Questions	M	CO	BT
12	The Green Revolution in India began in the mid-1960s to transform traditional farming into a modern industrial system and end chronic food shortages. With reference to the above context, Summarize the main reasons for the Green Revolution in India and describe its major results.	10	CO2	BT1
13	Land reforms in India refer to post-independence laws and policies designed to redistribute land ownership, protect tenant farmers, and reduce deep-rooted rural inequality. With reference to the above statement, Illustrate the Implications of Land Reforms on Indian Agriculture Context.	10	CO2	BT1