



ROLL NO.	
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**PRESIDENCY UNIVERSITY, BENGALURU
SCHOOL OF LAW**

Max Marks: 40

Max Time: 180 Mins

Weightage: 40 %

ENDTERM FINAL EXAMINATION

I Semester AY 2017-18

Course: **BAL 203 INDIAN ECONOMY**

18 DECEM 2017

Instructions:

- i. Write legibly
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Part A

[5 Q x 2 M= 10 Marks]

1. Planning commission was set up in the year
2. Who is the father of Indian Green revolution
3. TRIPS means
4. What is the difference between FDI & FPI
5. Discuss Minimum support price(MSP) in India.

Part B

[3 Q x 5 M= 15 Marks]

6. Detail the objectives of economic planning in India
7. Discuss five main targets of 12th Five year plan
8. What are the major causes of poverty in India?

Part C

[2 Q x 7.5 M= 15 Marks]

9. What are the major measures adopted as part of land reforms in India.
10. Discuss the major measures of tenancy reforms adopted in India



PRESIDENCY UNIVERSITY, BENGALURU
SCHOOL OF LAW

Max Marks: 30

Max Time: 120 Mins

Weightage: 30 %

2016 BBA/B.COM/BA, LL.B (H) III SEMESTER
MID TERM EXAMINATION

I Semester AY 2017-2018

Course: **BAL 203 Indian Economy**

6 OCT 2017

Instructions:

Write legibly

Part A

(1Q x 10 M= 10 Marks)

1. Netra, Veda, Shaun and Abhishek are friends. After graduation, Netra and Shaun decided to start organic farming of Sugarcane in their ancestral land of 100 hectors. Abhishek went for higher studies in Europe .Veda joined his family transportation business as manager. After 3 years Netra and Shaun could produce 100 tonnes per hectare of sugarcane from their land. Abhishek with his international qualification was able to strike a deal with a German company to import technology to make high grade sugar for India Premium market. Abhishek purchased sugarcane from Netra and Shaun for his new sugar factory and he could produce 35 tonnes of high quality sugar. Veda partnered with Abhishek to transport sugar packets across India through various retail outlets.
 - a) In the Occupational structure of India, in which sector Netra and Shaun did contribute to? How important is this sector for Indian Economy?4 Marks
 - b) In the Occupational structure of India, in which sector Abhishek did contribute to? What is the prospect of this sector in India by 2050?....3 Marks
 - c) In the Occupational structure of India, in which sector Veda did contribute to? How is this sector performing in India comparing to other countries?....3 Marks

Part B

(2 Q x 5 M= 10 Marks)

2. Detail the trends in National Income of India.
3. Detail the major characteristics of Indian Economy.

Part C

(1 Q x 1 M= 10 Marks)

4. Answer the following

- i. Which sector of Indian Economy contributes the largest to the Gross National Product?
- ii. Explain Quaternary sector with example
- iii. Public Sector refers to
- iv. Mining is part ofsector.
- v. Detail the equation for GDP at Market price.
- vi. Difference between GNP and GDP
- vii. National Income estimates in India are prepared by.....
- viii. Per Capita Income is obtained by dividing National Income by.....
- ix. What do you mean by Absolute Poverty?
- x. What is work participation rate?