# PRESIDENCY UNIVERSITY, BENGALURU SCHOOL OF LAW 

Max Marks: 40
Max Time: 180 Mins.
Weightage: 40 \%

## END TERM FINAL EXAMINATION

I Semester AY 2017-2018
Course: BBL 301 Quantitative Techniques
02 JAN 2018

## Instructions:

i. Write legibly
ii. Calculators are permitted.

## Part A

[5Q x 2 M=10 Marks]

1. State the uses of index numbers.
2. What are the four components of time series?
3. Write and mention the type's regression line.
4. What is the classical definition of probability?
5. What is an identity matrix? Give example

## Part B

[3Q x 5 M=15 Marks]
6. Calculate the five-yearly Moving Average of the following

| Year | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (000 tons) | 105 | 115 | 100 | 90 | 80 | 95 | 85 | 75 | 60 |
| Year | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 |  |
| (000 tons) | 65 | 70 | 58 | 55 | 53 | 60 | 52 | 50 |  |

7. Below are given the figures of production (in thousands tons ) of a sugar factory

| Year | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Production <br> $(000$ tons $)$ | 76 | 87 | 95 | 81 | 91 | 96 | 90 |

Fit a straight line trend and estimate the production values (in 000 tons ) for the year 2007.
8. From the following price and quantity data, compute Fisher's ideal index number for the following data.

| Commodity | 2000 ( Base <br> Year) Price (Rs) | 2000(Base Year) <br> Quantity $(\mathrm{Kg})$ | $2015($ Current <br> Year) Price (Rs) | 2015 ( Current <br> Year Quantity $(\mathrm{Kg})$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A | 8 | 6 | 12 | 5 |
| B | 10 | 5 | 11 | 6 |
| C | 7 | 8 | 8 | 5 |

## Part C

[3 Q x 5 M= $\mathbf{1 5}$ Marks]
9. If matrix $A$, matrix $B$ and matrix $C$ is given as
$\mathrm{A}=\begin{array}{ccc}2 & 0 & 9 \\ -1 & 6 & 11 \\ 4 & 8 & -11\end{array}$
$\mathrm{B}=\begin{array}{ccc}1 & 2 & 3 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & -4\end{array}$
$\mathrm{C}=\begin{array}{ccc}2 & 0 & -5 \\ 3 & 7 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & -1\end{array}$

Find i. $\mathrm{A}+3 \mathrm{~B}-2 \mathrm{C}$ ii) $2 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{B}+5 \mathrm{C}$
10. If $\mathrm{A}=\left[\begin{array}{cc}2 & 3 \\ -1 & 4\end{array}\right] \quad \mathrm{B}=\left[\begin{array}{cc}5 & -2 \\ -1 & 6\end{array}\right] \quad \mathrm{C}=\left[\begin{array}{cc}0 & 2 \\ 1 & -3\end{array}\right]$

Show $(A+B)+C=A+(B+C)$
11. A die is tossed and the number of points appearing on the uppermost face is observed. What is the probability of obtaining i.) an even number ii). an odd number iii) less than 3 iv) a six

# PRESIDENCY UNIVERSITY, BENGALURU SCHOOL OF LAW 

# 2017 BBA/B.COM/BA, LL.B (H) I SEMESTER <br> MID TERM EXAMINATION 

I Semester AY 2017-2018
Course: BBL 301 Quantitative Techniques

## Instructions:

i. Write legibly
ii. Calculators allowed

## Part A

(5Q x $2 \mathrm{M}=10$ Marks)

1. What are the three measures of Central Tendency? Name them.
2. Find the median of the series $32,22,29,17,40,26,21$.
3. What are the different measures of dispersion? Name them.
4. For the data, Mean $=5 \mathrm{Rs}$, Standrad Deviation $=2.6$ Rs. Find Coefficient of Variation?
5. Define Standard Deviation and Variance?

## Part B

(2Q x $5 \mathrm{M}=10$ Marks)
6. Find the S.D from the following data $49,63,46,59,65,52,60,54$
7. Consider the data to the monthly sales of 200 companies

| Monthly <br> Sales (in <br> Lakhs) | $300-$ <br> 350 | $350-$ <br> 400 | $400-$ <br> 450 | $450-$ <br> 500 | $500-$ <br> 550 | $550-$ <br> 600 | $600-$ <br> 650 | $650-$ <br> 700 | $700-$ <br> 750 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| No of <br> Companies | 5 | 14 | 23 | 50 | 52 | 25 | 22 | 7 | 2 |

Evaluate the arithmetic mean.

## Part C

8. What do you mean by Correlation? Find the coefficient of correlation from the following data.

| X | 65 | 63 | 67 | 64 | 68 | 62 | 70 | 76 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Y | 68 | 66 | 68 | 65 | 69 | 66 | 68 | 69 |

9. In a certain examination 10 students obtained the following marks in Mathematics and Physics. Find Spearman's rank correlation coefficient.

| Student <br> (Roll <br> No) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Marks <br> in Math | 90 | 30 | 82 | 45 | 32 | 65 | 40 | 88 | 73 | 66 |
| Marks <br> in <br> Physics | 85 | 42 | 75 | 68 | 45 | 63 | 60 | 90 | 62 | 58 |

