

Roll No



**PRESIDENCY UNIVERSITY
BENGALURU**

**SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING
END TERM EXAMINATION - JAN 2023**

Semester : Semester V - 2020

Course Code : CSE2066

Course Name : Sem V - CSE2066 - Computer Graphics

Program : B.Tech. Computer Science and Engineering

Date : 6-JAN-2023

Time : 9.30AM - 12.30PM

Max Marks : 100

Weightage : 50%

Instructions:

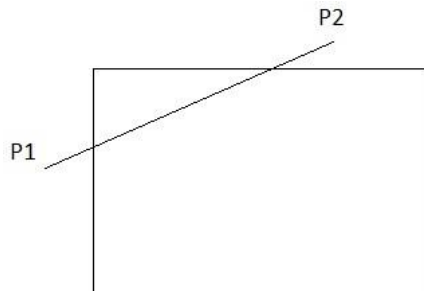
- (i) Read all questions carefully and answer accordingly.
- (ii) Question paper consists of 3 parts.
- (iii) Scientific and non-programmable calculator are permitted.

PART A

ANSWER ALL THE TEN QUESTIONS

10 X 2 = 20M

1. What is random scan display and where it is used?
(CO1) [Knowledge]
2. Recall what is Raster Scan Display and where it is used?
(CO1) [Knowledge]
3. How the Bresenham's line drawing algorithm overcomes the drawbacks of DDA?
(CO1) [Knowledge]
4. Write the rotation matrix to rotate a point $P(x,y)$ with an angle 'theta' to $P'(x',y')$ and represent $P'(x',y')$ in terms of $P(x,y)$
(CO2) [Knowledge]
5. Write the Cohen-Sutherland region code for the line joining points P1 and P2 as shown below.



6. What is orthogonal projection. Write the matrix for orthogonal projection.
(CO3) [Knowledge]

7. List the advantages of parametric representation of the curve. (CO4) [Knowledge]
8. List the input devices which can be used for selection in computer graphics. (CO1) [Knowledge]
9. How to transform the point $P(X_w, Y_w)$ from world coordinate system to view coordinate system $P(X_v, Y_v)$? Write the transformation function for X_v and Y_v . (CO2) [Knowledge]
10. Define the basic 2D transformation techniques. Write their matrix representation. (CO2) [Knowledge]

PART B

ANSWER ALL THE FIVE QUESTIONS

5 X 10 = 50M

11. OpenGL is the tool used for designing graphical applications. List the features of OpenGL and explain its library types with example. (CO1) [Comprehension]
12. What is polygon clipping. With suitable example, explain Sutherland-Hodgman's polygon clipping with respect to four cases. (CO2) [Comprehension]
13. Explain perspective projection with a neat diagram and summarize the perspective projection types in detail. (CO3) [Comprehension]
14. Answer the following questions:
 a) Represent 3D transformation techniques in homogeneous coordinate system.
 b) With a neat diagram, describe 2D scaling steps about a pivot point. (CO2, CO3) [Comprehension]
15. How do you define Bezier curve with suitable diagram. Explain any five properties of Bezier curves. (CO4) [Comprehension]

PART C

ANSWER ALL THE TWO QUESTIONS

2 X 15 = 30M

16. Answer the following:
 a) Compare Bresenham's line drawing algorithm and DDA line drawing algorithm. List the advantages and disadvantages of each of the algorithms.
 b) Given a rectangle with coordinate points $A(2, 5)$, $B(4, 5)$, $C(4, 2)$, $D(2, 2)$.
 i) Apply the translation with distance 2 towards X axis and 2 towards Y axis.
 ii) Apply the scaling parameter 2 towards X axis and 3 towards Y axis and obtain the new coordinates of the object.
 iii) Obtain the new coordinates for each of the above cases. (CO2, CO1) [Application]
17. Answer the following questions:
 a) Explain Liang Barsky line clipping algorithm. Apply this algorithm to the line with coordinates $(30, 60)$ and $(60, 25)$ against the window with $(X_{min}, Y_{min}) = (10, 10)$ and $(X_{max}, Y_{max}) = (50, 50)$.
 b) Illustrate DDA algorithm for drawing line between point P_1 and P_2 . (CO1, CO2) [Application]
