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**PRESIDENCY UNIVERSITY
BENGALURU**

**SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING
END TERM EXAMINATION - JAN 2023**

Semester : Semester III - 2021

Course Code : EEE2003

Course Name : Sem III - EEE2003 - Electromagnetic Fields

Program : B.Tech. Electrical and Electronics Engineering

Date : 9-JAN-2023

Time : 1.00PM - 4.00PM

Max Marks : 100

Weightage : 50%

Instructions:

- (i) Read all questions carefully and answer accordingly.*
 - (ii) Question paper consists of 3 parts.*
 - (iii) Scientific and non-programmable calculator are permitted.*
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PART A

ANSWER ALL THE TEN QUESTIONS

10 X 2 = 20M

1. In vector calculus, the curl is a vector operator that describes the infinitesimal circulation of a vector field in three-dimensional Euclidean space. The curl of a field is formally defined as the circulation density at each point of the field. A vector field whose curl is zero is called
a) Rotational (CO1) [Knowledge]
b) Solenoidal
c) Irrotational.
d) Sinusoidal
2. All vector fields can be classified in terms of their vanishing or non-vanishing divergence or curl. If the divergence of a vector field is zero, it is called
a) Solenoidal (CO1) [Knowledge]
b) Non Solenoidal
c) Irrotational
d) Rotational
3. The electric potential V is a ----- quantity
a) Scalar (CO2) [Knowledge]
b) Vector
c) directional
d) All the above

4. Gauss's law states that the total electric flux through any closed surface is equal to
 a) Zero (CO2) [Knowledge]
 b) Infinity
 c) the total charge enclosed by that surface
 d) the current density
5. Ampere's circuit law states that the line integral of the tangential component of H around a closed path is the same as
 a) the net current enclosed by the path (CO3) [Knowledge]
 b) The net charge enclosed
 c) Potential difference
 d) None of the above
6. The relative permeability of free space is -----
 a) 0 (CO3) [Knowledge]
 b) Infinity
 c) 10
 d) 1
7. A loop is rotating about the y-axis in a magnetic field $B = B_a \sin \omega t \hat{a}_x$ Wb/m². The voltage induced in the loop is due to
 a) Motional emf (CO4) [Knowledge]
 b) Transformer emf
 c) A combination of motional and transformer emf
 d) None of the above
8. For a distortionless transmission line ----- condition has to be satisfied.
 a) $R/L = G/C$ (CO4) [Knowledge]
 b) $R/G = L/C$
 c) $RC = LG$
 d) All the above
9. The range of the value of coefficient of coupling in a magnetic circuit is
 a) $-1 < K < 1$ (CO3) [Knowledge]
 b) $0 < K < 1$
 c) $1 < K < 10$
 d) $-1 < K < 0$
10. The angle between E and H during Electromagnetic wave propagation is
 a) 0 degree (CO4) [Knowledge]
 b) 180 degree
 c) 90 degree
 d) 120 degree

PART B

ANSWER ALL THE FOUR QUESTIONS

4 X 10 = 40M

11. In some cases vector field behaves like a source at a given point. If a gas is heated, it will expand. This will cause a net motion of gas particles outward in all directions. Consider the vector field given below, and identify its strength at the point $Q(-2,1,6)$. Comment on the result.
 $P = x^2yz \mathbf{a}_x + xz \mathbf{a}_z$
- (CO1) [Comprehension]
12. A total charge $Q = 60 \mu\text{C}$ is split into two equal charges located at 180° intervals around a circular loop of radius 4 m. Estimate the potential at the center of the loop.
- (CO2) [Comprehension]
13. Consider a magnetic field with intensity H (or flux density B) passing from one magnetic media to another having relative permeability μ_1 and μ_2 . List down all the boundary conditions possible during the transfer with suitable sketches.
- (CO3) [Comprehension]
14. Poynting's theorem is a statement of conservation of energy applied to electromagnetic fields. Justify the statement with mathematical expression and schematic diagram. Explain the significance of Poynting vector.
- (CO4) [Comprehension]

PART C

ANSWER ALL THE TWO QUESTIONS

2 X 20 = 40M

15. The xy -plane serves as the interface between two different media. Medium 1 ($z < 0$) is filled with a material whose $\mu_r = 6$, and medium 2 ($z > 0$) is filled with a material whose $\mu_r = 4$. If the interface carries current $(1/\mu_0) \mathbf{a}_y$ mA/m, and $B_2 = 5\mathbf{a}_x + 8\mathbf{a}_z$ mWb/m², find H_1 and B_1 .
- (CO3) [Application]
16. A distortionless line has $Z_0 = 60 \Omega$, Attenuation factor is 20 mNp/m , $u = 0.6c$, where c is speed of light in vacuum, frequency of propagation is 100 MHz . Identify all the unknown parameters that can be calculated from the above data and estimate them.
- (CO4) [Application]
