Roll No						



# PRESIDENCY UNIVERSITY BENGALURU

# SCHOOL OF MANAGEMENT

#### **MAKE UP EXAMINATION- JAN 2023**

**Date**: 23-JAN-2023

**Time**: 9:30AM to 12:30PM

Max Marks: 100

Weightage: 50 %

Course Code: LNG 106

Course Name: Communicative English I

Program : BBA/BBA Av/B Com

#### Instructions:

(i) Read the all questions carefully and answer accordingly.

work to let them gain experience, persuade and negotiate)

(ii) Use of simple calculator is allowed

### Part A [Memory Recall Questions]

# Answer all the Questions. Each Question carries TWO marks. (15Qx 2M= 30M)

Choose the correct option from the given choices in the bracket and fill in the blanks: (CO 1, Knowledge) 1. Some people may have a problem in processing information or retaining information in the memory, these types of problems can be termed as \_\_\_\_\_\_ (physical/attitudinal) 2. Listening for is when the learner tries to understand what is happening even if he or she can't understand every phrase or sentence. (appreciation/gist/client satisfaction) 3. If something is \_\_\_\_\_ several times, it suggests importance. (discussed/ repeated/modified) 4. When the reporting or principal verb is in the Past Tense, all Present tenses of the direct are changed into the corresponding \_\_\_\_\_ Tenses. (Past/Present/Future) 5. Communication involves \_\_\_\_\_ between two or more people about something of interest. (business/interactions/exchange) 6. While building trust takes time, it leads to great benefits such as lifelong friendships and a promise of help in difficult times. (True /False ) 7. is an accidental and automatic brain response to sound that requires no effort. (Listening/Hearing/Remembering) 8. In the process of changing a sentence from direct to indirect adverb \_\_\_\_\_ is changed to 'then'. (here/after/now) 9. When listeners have to evaluate a message and respond with their opinion, this is called listening. (appreciative/critical/full) 10. A conversation or lectures contains facts, statements, examples- specifics which guide us to a full understanding of the \_\_\_\_\_\_. (supporting idea/main idea/conclusion) 11. By becoming a better listener, you'll improve your workplace productivity, as well as your ability to (lead a team, persuade and negotiate – lead a team, guide online and talk over phone – let the team

	strongly shown, the relationship between listening and speaking. Thus, poor listening
prac	tice will lead automatically to a poor
i.	Confidence level
ii.	Complex
iii.	Speaking competence
iv.	Presentation skills
	effective classroom participation mostly gets disturbed due to the by the
	ents, as it directly effects their spoken performance.
i. 	Accent
ii. 	Correct pronunciation
iii.	Inhibition
iv.	Lack of motivation
	ne Listening. t do you mean by the word 'gist'?
13. Wila	t do you mean by the word gist?
	Part B [Thought Provoking Questions]
Answer all th	e Questions. Each Question carries SIX marks. (5Qx6M=30M)
a) She said	following sentences to indirect form:  I, "I'll be visiting the doctor next Monday."  I, "We will be going for a picnic tomorrow."
17. <b>Director</b> : G	Good Morning, Mr. John.
Officer: Good	Morning, Sir.
	ohn, we are planning to hold our next Board meeting sometime during the last week of this you prepare and present to the Board a detailed project report on our proposed hand-
<b>Officer</b> : Certain	nly, Sir. I'll be really to do that.
<b>Director</b> : Than	k you get on with the work. You may consult me whenever you want to.
<b>Officer</b> : Thank	you, Sir. If you don't mind, may I know the date of the meeting?
<b>Director</b> : Mos	t probably it will be the 27th.
	7th? I am sorry to say this, Sir, butit be possible to postpone it by a day or so? ortant religious function at my house on the 27th .
Director: I see.	Let me consult the Chairman. I'll tell you in a day or two. Officer: Thank you, Sir.
Choose the corr	rect order of blanks from the following:
i. ii. iii. iv.	Can, glad, Please, would may, tired, please, will would, happy, Just, will can, glad, please, will

 $18. \ As \ a \ result$ , in a communicative test of speaking, students are asked to pronounce the language intelligibly even if some influences from L1 remain or though residual accent is acceptable (Hedge, 2000). They have to:

#### Choose the correct combination of answers:

d)Seek and you shall find.

- i. Produce individual sounds correctly.
- ii. Link facial expression appropriately.
- iii. Use audio and video to convey the intended meaning
- iv. First language accents are acceptable provided and communication isn't impeded
- 19. What do you understand by Speaking Competence? Why is Correct Pronunciation a major obstacle for any learner?
- 20. How will you differentiate between listening and hearing?

## **Part C [Problem Solving Questions]**

Answer all the Questions. Each Question carries TEN marks.	(4Qx10M=40M)
21. Do as directed: (CO 2, Con	nprehension)
<b>A.</b> Read the following customer service situation and fill the gaps with <b>one</b>	suitable word.
Officer: Thank you for calling Southern bank. How I help?	
Customer: I had applied for my new ATM card a week back.  I have not yet received it you please check when would I received.	eceive it?
Officer: Kindly me your name and application number.	
Customer: My name is Nyra Datta and the application number is IND-56789	21.
Officer: Thanks, your ATM card has been dispatched. You will receive it wi days. Is there anything I help you with, ma'am?	thin 3-4 working
Customer: No, That was all.	
Officer: Thanks for calling. Have a great day ahead.	
Customer: Thanks, wish it for you too.	
22. Read the following proverbs and write their meanings in your own words within limit 15).	one sentence. (Word
a) Actions speak louder than words.	
b) A journey of a thousand miles begins with a single step.	
c) Pride comes before a fall.	

23. Read the two conversations below and answer the following questions.

Student: Hello ma'am! This is Rithvik Reddy. Is this a good time to speak to you?

Teacher: Hello Rithvik! Yes, you may proceed.

Student: I would like to join your sessions of special class. There are some theories that I don't

understand. (A jet aircraft flew over producing a loud noise).

Teacher: Rithvik, can you please repeat what you said.

Student: I wish to join your special classes.

Teacher: Yes, you may. The next class is on 11th January from 4 p.m. to 5 p.m.

Student: Did you say 15<sup>th</sup> January?

- i.) What type of listening barrier did the teacher face?
- ii.) What type of listening barrier the student faced?
- iii.) What can be done to avoid such problems?
- iv.) Do you think the disturbance was intentional? Give reason for your answer.

24. How do you think you can help a learner who has just began to learn English as a second language? What are the classroom strategies you will follow to make the task easy for him/her?