	Roll No						
PRESIDENCY UNIVERSITY BENGALURU SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING							
MAKEUP EXAMINA Course Code: CHE 1006 Course Name: Introduction to Nanotechnology Program : B.Tech	<u>ATION – JAN 2</u>	Da Ti Ma	ate: 25 me: 01:(ax Mark eightag	00PM - (s : 100	- 04:	:00 P	١M
Instructions: (i) Read the all questions carefully and answer accordingly. (ii) Use of Non-Programmable calculators is permitted							
Part A [Memory Recall Questions]							
Answer all the Questions. Each question carries TWO marks. (15Qx 2M= 30M)							
 What ratio decides the efficiency of nanosubst A. Weight/ Volume B. Surface area / Volu The properties pocessed by the nanoparticles i A. Small size B. High surface area C. "The bulk properties of any material are merely the atoms that make up the material" 	me C. Volume nclude Ease to suspe	e/ Weight (C. end in liqu	O.No.1 ids	ssure/) [Kno D. All	/ Vol owle the	lume dge abo] ve
 A. vander waal's B. Bonding C. Quantum D. 4. "Although particles measuring only a few nand range of visible light (380 to 780 nm), they can A. Scatter B. TransmitC. Diffract D. Absort 5. "Because the mass of nanoscale objects is so A. Gravity B. force C. pressure D. Volument 	ometers in diar light o b small,	meter lie f of specific ((becor	ar belo wavele C.O.No	w the engths .1) [Kr gligible	wav s" n ow	veler Iedg	ngth ge]
6. The Carbon based nanoparticle which is a cylin single-layer carbon atoms							
A. Fullerene B. Bucky balls C. Graphene. D	. Litanium diox	kide (C	C.O.No	.1) [Kr	າວໜ	ledg	je]

7. _____ refers to the mechanical crushing of source material using a milling process

A. Pyrolysis C. Top-Down D. Bottom-up (C.O.No.2) [Knowledge] B. Sol Gel

8. Which property of nanomaterials make them suitable to be used in elimination of pollutants

- A. High purity B. Better thermal conductivity
- C. Enhanced chemical reactivity D. Small size. (C.O.No.1) [Knowledge]

9. Electrodeposition is the application of (C.O.No.2) [Knowledge] A. Galvanic cell B. Voltaic cell c. Electrolytic cell D. both A and B. and distance is not affected by mass **10.** Electromagnetic force is a function of A. Mass B Charge C. Volume D. None of the above (C.O.No.2) [Knowledge] **11.** Nanostructured could be cheaper to manufacture and easier to install, since they can use print-like manufacturing processes and can be made in flexible rolls rather than discrete panels (C.O.No.3) [Knowledge] A. solar cells B. composites C. catalysts D. None of the above 12 _____ are semiconductor nanoparticles which exhibit size and compositiondependent optical and electronic (optoelectronic) properties (C.O.No.3) [Knowledge] A. Nanospheres B. Fullerene C. Quantum dots D. All of the above **13** are ideal as thin-film photovoltaics because they absorb light across a wide range of wavelengths from the visible to the near-infrared and possess charge carriers A. SWCNT B. Nanocomposites C. conducting polymers D. All of the above (C.O.No.3) [Knowledge] 14 technologies are crucial in the energy, chemical process, and environmental industries, both now and in the future (C.O.No.3) [Knowledge] A. Catalysis B. Polymers C. Zeolites D. None of the above 15 ______ on a glass or plastic sheet allow manufacturers to make clear conductive panels for

displays that are extremely thin

A. Graphite B. nanomedicine C. nanocomposites D. CNT (C.O.No.3) [Knowledge]

Part B [Thought Provoking Questions]

Answer all the Questions. Each question carries EIGHT marks. (5Qx8M=40M)

16. Physical and chemical properties of the nanomaterials change significantly. Elaborate
considering metling point and reactivity as example.**(C.O.No.1)** [Comprehension]

17. Field Emission Scanning Electron Microscopy produces images of the surface of samples using a low energy electron beam thanks to a Field Emission Gun. Describe its principle, construction and applications (C.O.No.2) [Comprehension]

18. Explain in brief about photolithography

19. Nanostructures can allow efficient solar cells to be made from cheaper, more conventional materials, like silicon and titanium dioxide. Explain the above statement

(C.O.No.3) [Comprehension]

(C.O.No.2) [Comprehension]

20. Give a comparison between a conventional Li ion battery and the Li ion battery with a
nanomaterial modification. Explain the advantages(C.O.No.3) [Comprehension]

Part C [Problem Solving Questions]

Answer all the Questions. Question carries FIFTEEN marks. (2Qx15M=30M)

21. Explain the process that involves mills are equipped with grinding media composed of wolfram carbide or steel. List the different types of nanomaterials that can be synthesized using this process (C.O.No.2) [Application]

22. Explain the role of nanotechnology in catalysis along with different types and its applications in various fields and the advantages (C.O.No.3) [Application]