## PRESIDENCY UNIVERSITY <br> BENGALURU <br> GAIN MOR ENOWLEDE REACH GREATER HEIGHTS <br> <br> SCHOOL OF COMMERCE <br> <br> SCHOOL OF COMMERCE <br> END TERM EXAMINATION - JUN 2023

Semester: Semester II - 2022
Date : 19-JUN-2023
Course Code : BSE1003
Course Name : Sem II - BSE1003 - Advanced Mathematics for Economics Program : BSE

Time : 1.00PM - 4.00PM
Max Marks : 100
Weightage : 50\%

## Instructions:

(i) Read all questions carefully and answer accordingly.
(ii) Question paper consists of 3 parts.
(iii) Scientific and non-programmable calculator are permitted.
(iv) Do not write any information on the question paper other than Roll Number.

## PART A

## ANSWER ALL THE QUESTIONS

(10 X $2=20 \mathrm{M}$ )

1. What is the full form of CES production function?
(CO2) [Knowledge]
2. If two demand curves originate from a single point on the $Y$-axis, then their elasticity is the same. (True or False).
(CO3) [Comprehension]
3. Write down the equation of the CES production function.
(CO3) [Comprehension]
4. Differentiate the following function:
$y=a^{\wedge} x$
(CO2) [Knowledge]
5. Walrasian system works through $\qquad$ movements and the Marshallian system works through
$\qquad$ movements.
(CO3) [Comprehension]
6. Write down the two conditions of the firm's equilibrium.
(CO4) [Knowledge]
7. Transpose the following matrix $\mathrm{A}(1 \times 4)$ :
$A=\left[\begin{array}{llll}1 & 3 & 4 & 6\end{array}\right]$
(CO1,CO2) [Knowledge]
8. If the value of MR is 0 , then what will be the value of the elasticity of demand?
(CO4) [Comprehension]
9. Mention the name of the economists who proposed the CES production function.
(CO4) [Comprehension]
10. Integrate the following function:
$y=\int e^{\wedge} x d x$
(CO3) [Knowledge]

## PART B

## ANSWER ALL THE QUESTIONS

( $4 \times 10=40 \mathrm{M})$
11. Find the inverse of the matrix

$$
A=\begin{array}{lll}
12 & 3 \\
4 & 5 & 6 \\
72 & 9
\end{array}
$$

(CO4) [Comprehension]
12. If the demand function is: $x=25-4 p+p^{\wedge} 2$; where $x$ is the demand function for commodity at price $p$. Find elasticity of demand with respect to price at the point where (i) $\mathrm{P}=8$; (ii) $\mathrm{P}=4$; (iii) $\mathrm{P}=5$.
(CO3) [Comprehension]
13. a.Explain why the short-run average cost curve is U-shaped by using a labelled diagram.
b.Draw the shape of the marginal revenue curve when the average revenue curve is - first, a straight line and a downward sloping curve, second, a downward sloping and convex to the origin and third, a downward sloping and concave to the origin.
(CO2) [Comprehension]
14. Derive the relationship between marginal revenue and the price elasticity of demand mathematically.
(CO3) [Comprehension]

## PART C

## ANSWER ALL THE QUESTIONS

( $2 \times 20=40 \mathrm{M}$ )
15. a.What is linear programming?
b. Maximize $Z=2 x+5 y$.

The constraints are $x+4 y \leq 24,3 x+y \leq 21$ and $x+y \leq 9$; where, $x \geq 0$ and $y \geq 0$.
Using a graphical method of linear programming, calculate the values of $x$ and $y$ at which $Z$ is at its maximum.
(CO3) [Comprehension]
16. Consider the following equation:
$Q=A\left(L^{\wedge} a\right)\left(K^{\wedge} b\right)$

- Identify this production function.
- Derive Marginal Product of Labour and Capital
- Derive Marginal Rate of Technical Substitution
- Derive Elasticity of Substitution
- Derive Factor Intensity

