

Roll No



**PRESIDENCY UNIVERSITY  
BENGALURU**

**SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING  
MID TERM EXAMINATION - APR 2023**

**Semester :** Semester II - 2022

**Course Code :** MEC2016

**Course Name :** Sem II - MEC2016 - Material Science and Metallurgy

**Program :** MEC

**Date :** 18-APR-2023

**Time :** 9.30AM - 11.00AM

**Max Marks :** 50

**Weightage :** 25%

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**Instructions:**

- (i) Read all questions carefully and answer accordingly.*
  - (ii) Question paper consists of 3 parts.*
  - (iii) Scientific and non-programmable calculator are permitted.*
  - (iv) Do not write any information on the question paper other than Roll Number.*
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**PART A**

**ANSWER ALL THE FIVE QUESTIONS**

**5 X 2=10M**

1. What is the Atomic Packing Factor for a FCC unit cell?  
a) 0.52 (CO1) [Knowledge]  
b) 0.68  
c) 0.74  
d) 0.86
2. Which one of the following is not a type of primary bonding?  
a) Covalent Bond (CO1) [Knowledge]  
b) Ionic Bond  
c) Hydrogen Bond  
d) Metallic Bond
3. Which one of the following is the strongest of all bonds?  
a) Metallic Bond (CO1) [Knowledge]  
b) Ionic Bond  
c) Covalent Bond  
d) Vanderwals Bond

4. \_\_\_\_\_ is defined as the chemically homogenous, physically different and mechanically separable part of a system.  
a) Phase (CO2) [Knowledge]  
b) State  
c) Compound
5. What is the solubility limit of sugar in water at 20° C?  
a) 55% wt Sugar (CO2) [Knowledge]  
b) 60% wt Sugar  
c) 65% wt Sugar

### PART B

**ANSWER ALL THE TWO QUESTIONS**

**2 X 10 = 20M**

6. Explain the following types of defects with the help of neat diagrams.  
a) Vacancy  
b) Interstitial and Substitutional defect (CO1) [Comprehension]
7. Briefly explain the two Fick's laws of diffusion. (CO2) [Comprehension]

### PART C

**ANSWER ALL THE TWO QUESTIONS**

**2 X 10 = 20M**

8. For the following Miller indices for planes, show its corresponding plane in a simple cubic unit cell.  
a) (0 0 1)  
b) (1 1 1)  
c) (1 0 0)  
d) (0 1 0)  
e) (1 1 0) (CO1) [Application]
9. For the following Miller indices for vectors, show its corresponding vector in a simple cubic unit cell.  
a) [1 1 1]  
b) [1 1 2]  
c) [2 1 1]  
d) [1 2 1]  
e) [2 2 2] (CO1) [Application]