Roll No

GAIN MORE KNOWLEDGE REACH GREATER HEIGHTS

PRESIDENCY UNIVERSITY BENGALURU

SET B

SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING END TERM EXAMINATION - JAN 2024

Semester : Semester I - 2023 Course Code : CHE1017 Course Name : Applied Chemistry Program : B.Tech.

Date : 13-JAN-2024 Time : 9:30AM - 12:30 PM Max Marks : 100 Weightage : 50%

Instructions:

- (i) Read all questions carefully and answer accordingly.
- (ii) Question paper consists of 3 parts.
- (iii) Scientific and non-programmable calculator are permitted.

(iv) Do not write any information on the question paper other than Roll Number.

PART A

ANSWER ALL THE QUESTIONS

- 1. Define oxidation and reduction reactions in terms of electron transfer
- **2.** List the effects of corrosion
- **3.** Define the process of corrosion with an example
- **4.** Mention the advantages of polymers over conventional engineering materials (CO4,CO1,CO2,CO3) [Knowledge]
 - PART B

ANSWER ALL THE QUESTIONS

5. Discuss the synthesis properties and applications o Nylon-6,6

(CO1,CO2,CO3,CO4) [Comprehension]

 $5 \times 10M = 50M$

 $4 \times 5M = 20M$

(CO3,CO2,CO1,CO4) [Knowledge]

(CO2,CO1,CO3,CO4) [Knowledge]

(CO4,CO3,CO2,CO1) [Knowledge]

6. Discuss the salient features of Electrochemical theory of corrosion

(CO1,CO2,CO3,CO4) [Comprehension]

7. Give the differences between a conventional battery and a fuel cell

(CO2,CO1,CO4,CO3) [Comprehension]

8. What is brackish water? Describe the process of removal of salts from brackish water by reverse osmosis method.

(CO1,CO4,CO3,CO2) [Comprehension]

9. Describe differential metal corrosion with suitable examples and preventive measures (CO1,CO2,CO3,CO4) [Comprehension]

PART C

ANSWER ALL THE QUESTIONS

2 X 15M = 30M

10. (a) Explain Differential Aeration Corrosion with examples and preventive measures(b) Discuss the corrosion control by anodic coating with suitable examples

(CO1,CO2,CO3,CO4) [Application]

Calculate the Total hardness, Temporary Hardness and Permanent Hardness of a water sample containing: Ca(HCO3)2=10.2 ppm, Mg(HCO3)2=5.3 ppm, CaCl2 = 21.2 ppm CaSO4=12.5 ppm, MgSO4=5.5 ppm, MgCl2=15.6 ppm. Express the hardness in degree French and degree Clarke (Atomic Weights: Ca:40, Mg: 24, H: 1, C: 12, O:16, S: 32, Cl: 35.5, N: 14)

(CO4,CO3,CO2,CO1) [Application]