

Roll No



**PRESIDENCY UNIVERSITY
BENGALURU**

**SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING
MID TERM EXAMINATION - OCT 2023**

Semester : Semester III - 2022

Course Code : CSE2011

Course Name : Sem III - CSE2011 - Data Communications and Computer Networks

Program : B.TECH

Date : 31-OCT-2023

Time : 11:30AM -1:00PM

Max Marks : 50

Weightage : 25%

Instructions:

- (i) Read all questions carefully and answer accordingly.
- (ii) Question paper consists of 3 parts.
- (iii) Scientific and non-programmable calculator are permitted.
- (iv) Do not write any information on the question paper other than Roll Number.

PART A

ANSWER ALL THE QUESTIONS

(5 X 2 = 10M)

1. Define Topology. List different topologies in the network. (CO1) [Knowledge]
2. List any two HTTP response status codes and associated phrases (CO1) [Knowledge]
3. What is DNS? Explain different levels of DNS in short. (CO1) [Knowledge]
4. Identify and write the related layer for the following responsibility of TCP/IP model:
 - a. Route determination
 - b. Flow control
 - c. Interface to transmission media
 - d. Provides access for the end user(CO1) [Knowledge]
5. Is '56.311.2.4' a valid IPv4 address? State the reason. (CO2) [Knowledge]

PART B

ANSWER ALL THE QUESTIONS

(4 X 5 = 20M)

6. Explain the three-way handshake with suitable diagram. (CO1) [Comprehension]

7. Explain the purpose and process of DNS in the context of domain name resolution. Discuss the role of DNS in the Internet's directory service. (CO1) [Comprehension]
8. Explain the address format and class address of IPv4. (CO2) [Comprehension]
9. Differentiate between Connection Oriented and Connectionless protocol. (CO2) [Comprehension]

PART C

ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTION

(1 X 20 = 20M)

10. (a). Station A need to send a message consisting of 15 packets to station B using sliding window and Go-Back-N error control strategy. If every 5th packet that A transmits gets lost, but no ACKs from B ever gets lost then find the number of packets that A will transmit for sending the message to B? The window size is 3.
- (b).How is checksum computed in UDP?Mention the steps. suppose that we have the bit stream, calculate the checksum for the following stream 0110011001100110 0110011001100110 0000111100001111.

(CO2,CO1) [Application]