



PRESIDENCY UNIVERSITY **BENGALURU**

SET B

SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING **MID TERM EXAMINATION - DEC 2023**

Semester: Semester I - 2023 Date: 8-DEC-2023

Course Code: MAT1001 Time: 2:30PM - 4:00PM

Max Marks: 50 Course Name: Sem I - MAT1001 - Calculus and Linear Algebra

Program: B.TECH Weightage: 25%

Instructions:

(i) Read all questions carefully and answer accordingly.

- (ii) Question paper consists of 3 parts.
- (iii) Scientific and non-programmable calculator are permitted.
- (iv) Do not write any information on the question paper other than Roll Number.

PART A

ANSWER ALL THE QUESTIONS

(5 X 2 = 10M)

1.

 $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 3 \\ 0 & 5 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$ are 2 and 5. Then find the third eigen value of the given Two eigen values of matrix matrix.

(CO1) [Knowledge]

2. Write the characteristic equation for a 3×3 matrix.

(CO1) [Knowledge]

3. if $A = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 2 \\ 2 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$, then find the eigenvalues of the matrix A.

(CO1) [Knowledge]

If $\lambda^2 - 5\lambda = 0$ is the characteristic equation for the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$ then apply Cayley Hamilton theorem. (CO1) [Knowledge]

5. Write the statement of Euler's extension theorem on homogeneous functions of degree n. (CO2) [Knowledge]

PART B

ANSWER ALL THE QUESTIONS

(4 X 5 = 20M)

Find the eigenvalues $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & -3 & -3 \\ 2 & 4 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$ 6.

(CO1) [Comprehension]

7. Show that the Eigenvalues of the real symmetric matrix
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 are real.

8.
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 5 & 1 \\ 3 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \text{ find its } A^{-1} \text{ using Cayley-Hamilton theorem}$$

9. Prove that for the function
$$u(x,y)=\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{x+y}{\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{y}}\right)$$
 is $x\frac{\partial u}{\partial x}+y\frac{\partial u}{\partial y}=\frac{1}{2}tanu$.

PART C

ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTION

$$(1 \times 20 = 20M)$$

10. Find the eigen values and eigen vectors of the matrix B=
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 4 \\ 3 & 2 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

(CO1) [Application]