

Roll No
---------

## PRESIDENCY UNIVERSITY BENGALURU

## **Department of Research & Development**

Mid - Term Examinations - August 2024

Odd Semester: Ph.D. Course Work Date: 12-08-2024

Course Code: MEC 801 Time: 09.30am to 11.00am

Course Name: Computational fluid dynamics Max Marks: 50

Department: Mechanical Engineering Weightage: 25%

## **Instructions:**

(i) Read all questions carefully and answer accordingly.

(ii) Make suitable assumptions wherever required with justification.

(iii) Books, notes and data handbooks are allowed.

**1.** In the context of incompressible fluid flow, consider the simplified non-dimensional transport equation:

$$u \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = \frac{1}{Re} \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$$

Where Re is the Reynolds number.

Provide a detailed explanation of why, in laminar flow conditions, the diffusion term (right-hand side) tends to dominate over the convective term (left-hand side). Contrast this with highly turbulent flow conditions, where the convective term becomes more significant. Discuss the implications of these dynamics in terms of flow stability and energy dissipation.

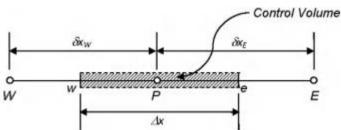
[30 M]

(CO:01 BL: Analyze)

**2.** Consider the one-dimensional steady-state diffusion term  $\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( G \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x} \right)$  in the context of a control volume. Demonstrate how this term is discretized to obtain the discretized equation at a central grid nodal point P, expressed as:

$$\left.Grac{\partial\phi}{\partial x}
ight|_{e}A_{E}-Grac{\partial\phi}{\partial x}
ight|_{w}A_{w}$$

where  $A_E$  and  $A_w$  are the areas associated with the east and west faces of the control volume, respectively. Discuss the implications of this discretization approach on the accuracy and stability of numerical solutions.



[20 M]

(CO:02 BL: Analyze)