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**PRESIDENCY UNIVERSITY
BENGALURU**

SCHOOL OF LAW

MID TERM EXAMINATION

Even Semester: 2018-19

Course Code: LAW 404

Course Name: Sports Law

Programme & Sem: BBA.,LL.B.(Hons.) & VIII Sem

Date: 27 March 2019

Time: 2 Hours

Max Marks: 60

Weightage: 30%

Instructions:

- (i) **Answer all the questions**

Part A

Answer **both** the Questions. **Each** Question carries **ten** marks. (2Qx10M=20)

1. "In India, sports law is fast becoming a reality, with it becoming a key area of practice, conferences being held on issues related to sports law, the sports industry in India spiraling exponentially-with the IPL and Formula One championships, besides other factors. In fact, with the recent buzz and banter surrounding the introduction of the Bill, sports law is set to become a reality in India. The question is when and how soon?" In the light of this statement explain development of sports law in India.
2. Write an essay on Sports Regulating authority in India.

Part B

Answer **both** the Questions. **Each** Question carries **ten** marks. (2Qx10M=20)

3. Sports has the ability to pit one against the other but at the same time unite everyone in that unequivocal thirst for another recreational activity. Elaborate this statement in the light of sociological aspects involved in sports.
4. Explain the history of sports and historical perspective involved in sports regulations.

Part C

Answer **all** the Questions. **Each** Question carries **five** marks (4Qx5M=20)

5. Commercialization of Sports
6. Political aspects of sports with reference to India and Pakistan political relation
7. Moral norms involved in Sports
8. Meaning of Sports



Roll No

**PRESIDENCY UNIVERSITY
BENGALURU**

SCHOOL OF LAW

END TERM FINAL EXAMINATION

Even Semester: 2018-19

Course Code: LAW 404

Course Name: Sports Law

Program & Sem: BBA.,LL.B.& VIII Sem

Date: 22 May 2019

Time: 3 Hours

Max Marks: 80

Weightage: 40%

Instructions:

(i) *Write legibly*

Part A

Answer **all** the Questions. **Each** question carries **ten** marks.

(3Qx10M=30M)

1. a) The court dismissed the contention that BCCI is a state and therefore subject to Art. 32 of Constitution of India:
 - i) Zee Telefilms Limited V/S UOI
 - ii) Cricket Association of Bihar V/S Board of Control for Cricket in India (2015)
 - iii) Board of Control for Cricket in India v. Cricket Ass'n of Bihar
 - iv) Mehra v. Union of India
- b) A willful attempt or willful threat to inflict injury upon another person. It is also defined as intentionally placing someone in fear of imminent bodily harm. Which offence it is:
 - i) Negligence
 - ii) Assault
 - iii) Battery
 - iv) Trespass to body
- c) Which of the following case deal with Negligence:
 - i) Condon v Basi, CA
 - ii) Commonwealth v. Collberg
 - iii) People v. Freer
 - iv) Bolton v. Stone
- d) Which of the following case deals with Volenti Non Fit Injuria:
 - i) Halls v. Brooklands Auto Racing Club
 - ii) Caldwell v Maguire

iii) Day v. Ouachita Parish School Board et al.

iv) State v. Shelly

e) Head office of WIPO in

i) Rome

ii) Switzerland

iii) Geneva

iv) London

2. Write an essay on Intellectual Property Right and sports law in India.

3. Explain in detail the Competition issues involved in sports industry.

Part B

Answer **all** the Questions. **Each** question carries **fifteen** marks.

(2Qx15M=30M)

4. Write a short note on:

a) World Anti -Doping Agency

b) Court of Arbitration for sports

c) National Sports Development Bill of 2013

d) International Olympic Committee

5. Explain the structure, governance and management of BCCI.

Part C

Answer **all** the Questions. **Each** question carries **2** marks.

(1Qx20M=20M)

6. **a)** Which body in India is responsible for the complete management, direction, supervision and regulation of the discipline and promotion, development and sponsorship of the discipline¹⁵

i) Indian Olympic Association

ii) Ministry of Youth Affairs and Sports

iii) International Olympic Committee

iv) National Sports Federation

b) Sports Broadcasting Signals (Mandatory Sharing with PrasarBharati) Act was passed in:

i) 2000

ii) 1990

iii) 2007

iv) 2002

c) Sports Authority of India (SAI) is an apex National Sports body set up by:

i) Ministry of Youth Affairs and Sports

- ii) Sports Law and Welfare Association of India
 - iii) Indian Olympic Association
 - iv) Court of Arbitration for sports
- d) Blood Doping is the technique used by the sports person would remove and subsequently re-infuse their blood in order to increase capacity of the blood to carry oxygen. This was banned by IOC in the year:
- i) 1980 ii) 1990 iii) 1986 iv) 1980
- e) WADA Code was adopted by India in:
- i) Paris ii) Rome iii) Geneva iv) Copenhagen
- f) Volleyball was invented in 1895
- i) Jade Philip ii) James Naismith iii) William Morgan iv) John Boyd Dunlop
- g) Sports Law and Welfare Association of India aims at:**
- i) Understand, and work for the advancement of ethical sports law in India for promoting sports
 - ii) Provide consultancy services on different matters
 - iii) Set up rules for ethics for sports persons
 - iv) All of the above
 - v) None of the above
- h) The Sports Broadcasting Signals (Mandatory Sharing with Prasar Bharati) Act was passed in which year:**
- i) 2000 ii) 1990 iii) 1995 iv) 2007
- i) B.C.C.I. in the sphere of public law would be subject to judicial review. It was held in:**
- i) Zee Telefilms vs. U.O.I.
 - ii) Board of Control for Cricket in India v. Cricket Ass'n of Bihar
 - iii) Mehra v. Union of India
 - iv) BCCI vs. U.O.I.
- j) COURT OF ARBITRATION FOR SPORTS consist of how many members:**
- i) 20 ii) 30 iii) 50 iv) 60

